<u>The Multi-Dimensional</u> <u>Encryption of Data</u>

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Executive Summary

Cryptography is an indispensable tool used around the world to protect people's important information. It is for this reason that countries world-wide spend billions of dollars every year researching new encryption methods. This project attempts to display the security power of a new Multi-Dimensional encryption routine through its ability to encrypt simple text messages into a completely unreadable format.

In order for the program to be useful under any circumstances, the user must be able to easily understand the interface. Also, the program required many specific built-in functions in order to operate properly. Because these reasons, I chose Visual Basic 6.0 as my programming language. Visual Basic 6.0's spectacular user interfaces and natural syntax made the aesthetics simple, and left me more time to concentrate on creating the code for the complex encryption algorithms.

The method that the program uses to encrypt the data is based on three main concepts: the use of the "Keyword" version of the Caesar-Shift encryption method, the conversion of the data into numbers, and the Multi-Dimensional encryption routine.

The "Keyword" version of the Caesar-Shift encryption method is one based on the original Caesar Shift. The use of the "Keyword" version is the basis behind most large-scale encryption routines used today due to the fact that there are an almost infinite number of possible passwords. I chose to use the "Keyword" version because of this fact.

The method used to convert the encrypted text into a string of numbers is one of the project's most important routines. By converting the text into numbers, the program is able to manipulate the data in ways that would be impossible if it were using the ASCII characters. I chose to use this method because of its versatility and because it could be used under any circumstances.

The Multi-Dimensional encryption routine is one that utilizes a multi-dimensional array consisting of six dimensions (Appendix A, Figure 3). The data is added to and then removed from the array in unrelated orders. I chose to use the Multi-Dimensional encryption routine as the backbone for the project because of the fact that it brings many powerful aspects into the overall algorithm. These aspects include: an almost untraceable method of scrambling the data, the ability to make many messages of differing sizes the same length, and the ability to add random data into the end result so as to further mislead people trying to gain illegal access to the encrypted data.

The results from the program's testing showed that the algorithm was completely effective. It successfully converts all of the message's data to numbers, shifts those numbers using the Caesar-Shift method, and scrambles the numbers using the Multi-Dimensional encryption routine. It was a major success for the Project.

Introduction

In selecting a project idea, I wanted to choose something that would present me with a challenge. I eventually chose to research cryptography because of its uses in home and business security and, in the end, I chose to create a program that could encrypt a message into a completely unreadable format. Hopefully, this program will be the forerunner to various, more advanced encryption routines that will help to both ensure security on the highest level, and increase our understanding of new encryption methods.

By using this program, notes, messages, and entire papers can be successfully encrypted with relative ease. However, because of the resource-intensive nature of the encryption routine the program uses, extremely long messages can often take some time to encrypt. Because of this reason, a supercomputer's resources and speed would be required to fully demonstrate the program's usefulness and ability, making the project very appropriate for the AiS Challenge.

There are many different types of encryption schemes known today, the most common being "Shifts" and "Scrambles". Shifts are both easy to use and simple to compute. Scramble methods on the other hand, are more difficult to compute because of the fact that the program must be able to move freely among the string being encrypted. However, Scramble methods are much more difficult to crack, and so therefore desirable in encryption routines. Because both of these were fairly easy to compute, I decided to implement both of them into the encryption routine.

Shift ciphers are methods that relate characters such as letters to arbitrary numbers, and then "shift" the characters up by a certain number, producing a new character. The most common type of Shift cipher is the Caesar Shift method. In the Caesar Shift, letters of the alphabet are assigned to the numbers 1 through 26 so that: a = 1, b = 2, c = 3, etc. If the letters were shifted by 3, then: a = 4, b = 5, c = 6, and so on. All the encryption routine would have to do then is substitute in the letter corresponding to the shifted number. In this case, the conversion would go as follows: a = 1, 1 + 3 = 4, and 4 = d.

Scrambling methods tend to be more complex than simple Shift methods. For instance, in a "Rail Fence" scramble, a new message is created by taking, in turn, every other letter in the original message and adding it to the end of the new message. An example of this would be the message "In the closet." The scrambled version would be "I h Istntecoe." As you can see, it is quite confusing, and therefore very useful in encryption methods and routines.

Though "Shifts" and "Scrambles" seem almost laughably easy for a computer to decrypt when they are used on their own, with the right combination of the two types of methods, an almost unbreakable code can be achieved. In an attempt to create one of these "perfect" codes, the encryption routine developed in this project was made to use both the "Keyword" version of the Caesar Shift method and a Multi-Dimensional encryption Routine. The routine was then augmented by the addition of a routine that manipulates and changes the data by converting it to numbers and systematically changing the numbers' values.

Description and Methods

This program strives to make full use of three different methods in an attempt to create an unbreakable encryption. These methods are: the "Keyword" version of the Caesar Shift method, a Multi-Dimensional encryption routine, and the manipulation of data through the process of converting that data into numbers and changing the numbers' values. In my originally simplified program, each method was used to create a separate type of encrypted file. I used this program to perfect each of the methods to the point where they could be successfully combined to achieve my goals.

During my research, I found that the order in which I implemented each algorithm in conjunction with the others was very important. After consulting my mentor, Jim Mims, I decided that the best method to use to create the correct algorithm was to try all of the different possible combinations until I came up with the best fit choice.

Before starting on the application, I had to select a programming language. After reviewing the different languages and what it was I wanted to accomplish, I chose Visual Basic 6.0. As the name suggests, it is very visually and interface oriented which was very important to the outcome of the program. Also, the natural-language syntax made it considerably easier to write the complex code than it would have been in other languages. These properties allowed me to easily create an interface that is both user-friendly and aesthetically pleasing, while being able to spend most of my time working on the many complex algorithms involved. For a simpler, more concise view of my algorithm and general approach, see the flowchart in Appendix A, Figure 1.

In order to have the program be able to effectively manipulate all of the encrypted messages, I had to create an interface and program structure that was heavily object oriented. Object Oriented Programming, or OOP, is a method of programming that utilizes "objects" of a "class" and then manipulates these objects for the user's purpose. The reason that OOP is so useful in this project is because the program needs to be able to manipulate each encrypted message separately. To do this, all of the encrypted messages must be uniform and possess all of the same properties. Also, the program can be easily expanded upon by adding additional properties or methods to the class. In these ways, OOP helps to increase the efficiency and functionality of the program.

In my original prototype program, I focused on the development of each method separately. In the prototype, each method was used to create separate encryptions that would be compared to expected results obtained from research. At the end of this "testing" phase, all three separate algorithms would me melded into one large algorithm.

The first method to be perfected was the "Keyword" version of the Caesar Shift method. The original Caesar Shift Method, or CSM, is a simple monalphabetic shift method that uses the arbitrary value of a single letter (or simply a number) to shift the values of all the letters in any given message up or down and uses the letters corresponding to the new values to create the ciphertext (encrypted text). Although the CSM has been used for centuries and is still used today, it is a very simple method of encryption and so easily decrypted. However, the "Keyword" version of the CSM is a much more complex method. It is implemented in much the same way as the original CSM, but instead of using a single letter to encrypt a message, it sequentially uses the individual values of the letters in the Keyword (password) to shift corresponding letters in the plaintext (un-encrypted text) so as to create the ciphertext. In this way, depending on the lengths of the plaintext and the password, there is essentially no limit to the number of possible combinations.

The next method to be adapted for use in my program was the manipulation of data by converting it to numbers and systematically changing the numbers' values. There were many different ways that I could have gone about implementing this method. However after reviewing the pros and cons of many different types, I chose to use a method that treated the numbers as strings so that the program could manipulate them both as numbers and as strings. The method creates a fixed length string (4 characters long) and assigns the product of the value of a letter and an arbitrary number to the string. After completing this, zeros are added to the front of the string (so the value doesn't change) until the total character count of the string equals 4, and the string is reversed. By using this method, the original value of the letter can be hidden very effectively.

The third and final method that I used was the Multi-Dimensional Encryption Routine, or MDER. This routine is definitely the most important part of the program. It creates an array consisting of six dimensions and uses the array to scramble the plaintext. Each character in the plaintext is sequentially added to the elements of the array. This is accomplished by adding a character of the plaintext to one set of coordinates in the array, changing one of the coordinates, and then adding the next character to the new

coordinates. The algorithm continues in this way until the entire plaintext is contained within the array. Because of the fact that there are usually empty spaces left in the array, these empty spaces are then filled with random data. When the array is completely full, the data is removed in much the same way as it was entered into the array. The only difference is that the starting coordinates and the order in which the coordinates are changed are different from the way in which the data was entered into the array.

Because I designed the program for use with multiple people, I based the interface and program structure around maximum security. However, because of the increasing complexity of the program, it became clear to me that it would need a certain, pre-runtimecreated folder and file structure in order to be able to operate correctly. It was because of this that I decided to create a simple installer; a support program that would create this folder and file structure in a directory decided upon by the user. Because I decided to build the program around a maximum security model, I created three different classes: CUsers, CProjects, and CEncryptions. Each class has a set of properties that are used in identification and security. I also decided to create two BASIC modules: ProjectLoader and EncryptionBuilder. ProjectLoader contains Procedures used to extract information about Users, Projects, and Encryptions from their corresponding files. EncryptionBuilder contains two Procedures that are used to encrypt and decrypt the properties of Projects and Encryptions.

CUsers is the class that deals with different user profiles. Before a person can use the program, they must register a user-name and password with the program so that it can create their user-profile. This is done so that only registered users can use the program. CUsers contains several properties: Name (the property that holds the user's name), Password (used to hold the user's password), Encryption (holds the contents of the encrypted file that stores the user's profile), EntryAttempts (holds the number of times the user has entered the wrong password; Used to decide if someone is attempting to illegally use the user's account), and LockedOut (used to determine if the user can use the program). These properties are used by the program's driving routines in order to allow the user to interface with the program correctly and securely.

The two Procedures (Sub Procedures) in CUser are Encrypt and Decrypt. Encrypt is used to create a ciphertext containing the user's password. This ciphertext is created with

the user's name as the "password" for the encryption. The Full Encryption Routine, or FER, which is described in the CEncryption Class, is the routine used. After Encrypt has created the ciphertext, it stores it in a file created for the user. Decrypt is the routine that decrypts the ciphertext stored in the user's file and assigns the decrypted plaintext (the user's password) to the Password property of the user's user-profile. Decrypt uses the Full Encryption Routine Decrypter, or FERD, to decrypt the plaintext. The FERD will also be discussed in the CEncryption Class.

CProject is the class that deals with all of the users' projects. Objects of CProject, called Projects, can be thought of as the folders that hold all of a user's important documents (Encryptions). A project must be created by a registered user and has three modes: Public, Limited, and Private. In Public mode, any user with the project's password can access it. In Limited mode, only certain, pre-registered users who know the project's password can access it. In Private mode, only the user who created the project can use it. Projects have several properties: Name (holds the project's name), Password1 (holds the project's first password), Password2 (holds the project's second optional password), EType (holds the project's current mode), CreationDate (when the project was created), EDate (when the project was last edited), ENumber (used in the number manipulation of the FER), Owner (holds the name of the user that created the project), Status (states whether the project). These properties are used by the program to assist with the user-interface as well as with the program's overall security level.

CProject's Procedures are: Encrypt, SmallEncrypter, and Decrypt. Encrypt is the Procedure that is called when the project is being created and/or edited. It sets the project's EDate property to the current date and time (separated by a space) and creates the proper folder and file structure for the project in the program's installation directory. After it has done all of this, it calls SmallEncrypter.

SmallEncrypter is what actually encrypts the project's data. SmallEncrypter creates two fixed length strings of 4 characters each: L and Temp. It then sets the project's Encryption property to empty, and sets the ENumber property to a randomly generated integer from 1 to 39. After that, it sets the values of two variables in the BASIC module (a code module that is public and can be accessed from any form or class) EncryptionBuilder:

ENumber and Pass, to the values of the project's ENumber property and Owner property respectively. After performing these preliminary steps, SmallEncrypter then begins to encrypt each of the project's properties. It does this by setting the fixed length string variable L to the length of the property and passing L to the public function LengthCheck. LengthCheck takes the string passed to it, and adds zeros to the beginning of the string until it is exactly 4 characters in length. Upon L's return from the LengthCheck function, SmallEncrypter sets the value of a variable in EncryptionBuilder, EncypteeLen, to the value of L. L is then passed to the built-in function StrReverse. StrReverse reverses the order of the characters in the string passed to it. For example, if you passed the string "Cat" to StrReverse, it would return the string "taC". When L is passed back from StrReverse, it is added to the project's Encryption property. SmallEncrypter then sets the value of EncryptionBuilder's variable, Encryptee, to the value of the property being encrypted and calls EncryptionBuilder's Encrypt Procedure. EncryptionBuilder's Encrypt Procedure is like the FER except for the fact that it doesn't implement the MDER in its algorithm. The MDER was removed from EncryptionBuilder's Encrypt Procedure because the Encrypt Procedure is also used by the CEncryption class; if it were included, the properties would be indistinguishable from the encrypted ciphertext and the Decrypt routine would be unable to successfully decrypt it. EncryptionBuilder's Encrypt Procedure assigns the ciphertext to the public variable Encryptee. After SmallEncrypter calls EncryptionBuilder's Encrypt Procedure, it adds EncryptionBuilder's Encryptee variable to the end of the project's Encryption property. SmallEncrypter applies this method of encryption to the following properties in their respective order: CreationDate, EDate, EType, Password1, Password2, and Status. It then passes the project's ENumber property to the LengthCheck function, and sets the value of the fixed length string variable Temp to the returned value. SmallEncrypter's last step is to add Temp to the end of the Encryption property and write the Encryption property to the project's file for storage.

The last Procedure in the CProject Class is the Decrypt Procedure. The Decrypt Procedure is essentially the reverse of the Encrypt procedure and is called only when the project's Encryption property has the project's ciphertext in it. Decrypt uses no local variables at all, but instead relies on many interwoven functions to assign values from the ciphertext to the project's properties. Decrypt's first step is to set the project's ENumber property to the integer value of the right 4 numbers of the Encryption property and then

remove these four numbers from the right of the Encryption property. Decrypt then sets EncryptionBuilder's variables: ENumber and Pass to the values of the projects ENumber and Owner properties respectively. After performing these preliminary steps, Decrypt begins to decrypt the ciphertext (the Encryption property) into the project's properties.

Decrypt's first step in decrypting the actual ciphertext into the individual properties is to pass the left 4 numbers in the ciphertext to the StrReverse function, and assigning the integer value of what is passed back to EncryptionBuilder's EncrypteeLen variable. Decrypt then removes those four numbers from the beginning of the ciphertext and sets EncryptionBuilder's Encryptee variable to the remainder of the ciphertext. The four numbers that were removed represent the length of the property that is next in line in the ciphertext. Because of this, Decrypt can then remove a number of characters from the ciphertext equal to the product of the value of those four numbers and the number 4. In so doing, Decrypt removes that portion of the ciphertext and is then able to move on to the rest of the ciphertext. Decrypt then calls EncryptionBuilder's Decrypt Procedure, which will decrypt the EncryptionBuilder's Encryptee variable using the opposite algorithm as its Encrypt Procedure in order to produce the project's property. Decrypt then assigns the project's corresponding property to EncryptionBuilder's Encryptee variable (now the decrypted plaintext). Decrypt uses this method to decrypt all of the following properties in their respective orders: CreationDate, EDate, EType, Password1, Password2, and Status.

The final class used in this project is CEncryption. CEncryption is the class that deals with all of the individual encryptions. Objects of CEncryption, Encryptions, can be thought of as the important documents that go into users' folders (Projects). An encryption can only be created from within a project, and so only by a registered user. Encryptions have several properties: Name (holds the encryption's name), ProjectName (holds the name of the encryption's containing project), ProjectOwner (holds the name of the encryption's containing project), ProjectOwner (holds the encryption's Password), BackupPassword (holds the encryption was created), EDate (when the encryption was last edited), ENumber (used in the number manipulation of the FER), Encryption (holds the ciphertext of the file that stores the Encryption), EScript (holds the plaintext; used in the FER), and Status (states

whether the Encryption is locked or unlocked). These properties are used by the program to assist with the user-interface as well as with the program's overall security level.

CEncryption's procedures are: EncryptScript EncryptData, PassCreator, Scramble, Writer, Recorder, SmallRecorder, DecryptScript, DecryptData, EncryptionUnlock, and Placer. EncryptScript, EncryptData, PassCreator, Scramble, Writer, and Recorder make up the FER while DecryptScript, DecryptData, EncryptionUnlock, and Placer make up the FERD. EncryptScript is the Procedure that is called when the Encryption is being created or when the user makes a direct change to the encrypted message and is responsible for calling many of the other Procedures in CEncryption (the Procedures that make up the FER). It sets the Encryption's ENumber property to a randomly generated integer value between 0 and 39. It then creates a randomly generated backup password of a randomly generated length of up to 30 characters. After doing this, EncryptScript calls the Procedures: EncryptData, PassCreator, Scramble, Writer, and Recorder. Between calls to CEncryption's other Procedures EncryptScript updates progress bars and certain labels on the Encrypter and Decrypter forms in order to keep the user informed of the Procedure's current process.

The Procedure EncryptData can be best described as a clone of CProject's SmallEncrypter Procedure as it only deals with the encryption of the Encryption's properties. However, there are some differences. For instance, unlike CProject's SmallEncrypter, EncryptData does not use the fixed length string variable Temp. EncryptData's first step is to set the Encryption's EDate property to the current date and the current time (separated by a space). It then assigns the Encryption's ENumber property's value to EncryptionBuilder's variables ENumber and Pass and sets them to the Encryptions's ENumber property and ProjectName and ProjectOwner (separated by a space) properties respectively. From there EncryptData encrypts all of the Encryption's properties in exactly the same way as CProject's SmallEncrypter.

PassCreator is a fairly minor Procedure. It is used to create the Multi-Dimensional array by calculating the smallest number that when raised to the sixth power is greater than the length of the plaintext. It then ReDims a dynamic array of type String called EncryptionArray with six dimensions, each with a number of elements equal to the "smallest number" referred to earlier in this paragraph. EncryptionArray is used to hold the

plaintext/ciphertext during the encryption process. PassCreator's final step is to assign the public variable EncryptionNum the value of the "smallest number".

Unlike PassCreator, Scramble is one of the more important (not to mention large) Procedures in CEncryption. Scramble is responsible for assigning the plaintext to the elements of EncryptionArray and then implementing the CSM and Number Manipulation Routine, or NMR. Scramble uses several Long type variables: i, e, f, g, x, y, z, and n. Of these, six (i, e, f, g, x, and y) are used to represent the coordinates within EncryptionArray, while the other two (n and z) are used as counter variables. Scramble also uses a string variable called Pass which represents the password being used for the encryption and a fixed length string of length 4 characters called Letter that is directly used in the encryption. There are also two variables of type Double called Num1 and Num2 which are used to keep track of the Encryption's progress and update the progress bars on the Encrypter and Decrypter forms. Scramble's first step is to set Num1 equal to the quotient of 50 (representing 50% of the Encryption's progress, the other 50% is covered in the second For Loop of Writer) over the value of EncryptionNum squared. This is done in order to create a highly exact interval by which to increment the progress bars. Scramble's next step is to decide upon the password that it will use in the encryption process. If the Encryption has a valid user-made password (it is optional), then Pass is assigned the Encryption's Password property, otherwise Pass is assigned the value of the randomly generated BackupPassword property. The remaining code in Scramble is made up of six nested (within each other) For Loops (looping structures based whose terminating condition is the value of a numerical variable). Each For Loop's counting variable represents one of the coordinate slots for Encryption Array. All of the Loops' counting variables are set to 0 and all of their terminating points are set to one less than Encryption Num (because of the offset in numbers created when Dimensioning an Array). Each of the Loops will count in increments of 1 from 0 to their terminating points. Each time a Loop runs through its internal code (the code contained within the Loop structure), the counting variable for the Loop within it is set to equal 0 so that the coordinates can be reset to an empty element of EncryptionArray after each pass-over.

The second nested Loop contains code that adds the value of Num1 to the Value of Num2, and then assigns the Num2's value to the Value property of the progress bars on

the Encrypter and Decrypter forms. This segment of code is done to keep the user informed of the Encryption's progress.

The sixth nested Loop is the Loop containing the CSM and NMR code. It selects a character from the plaintext and assigns the value of the product of that character's ASCII number and the Encryption's ENumber property to Letter. The ASCII value of a character from Pass is then added to the value of Letter and the total is then passed to the LengthCheck function and the returned string is then assigned to Letter. Letter is then assigned to the element of EncryptionArray that the coordinates currently point to. After each cycle of the Loop, the next characters of the plaintext and Pass are selected.

CEncryption's next Procedure is Writer. Like the relationship between EncryptData and CProject's SmallEncrypter, Writer is essentially a clone of scramble. However, Writer's nested loops are arranged in a different order than Scramble's (the reverse order to be precise). The changed order is done so that the data can be removed from the array in a different order from that which it was entered. However, despite what seems rather obvious from simply reversing the order, this does not produce a reversed plaintext, but instead shuffles the original message beyond recognition. In all reality, the only difference between Scramble and Writer is the fact that Writer does not deal with the CSM, but focuses more on the NMR. In Writer's sixth For Loop all of EncryptionArray's empty elements are filled with random numbers that the computer will disregard upon decryption. These random numbers range from the product (the highest number attainable for the ciphertext) of the Encryption's ENumber property and 255 (the total number of characters in the ASCII table), through 9999. All of the elements are then reversed using the StrReverse function and added to the end of the Encryption's Encryption property. Finally, ENumber is passed to the LengthCheck function and the returned value is added to the end of the ciphertext (Encryption property).

Recorder is the next Procedure in CEncryption. Recorder is used to create the Encryption's file and write the Encryption property (the ciphertext) to it. Other than that, Recorder adds the Encryption's name to the its containing Project's Encryption Registry file so that it will be loaded the next time the program is run.

SmallRecorder is used by the program to save changes to the Encryption's properties. It was created as a shortcut around the time and resource-consuming EncryptScript Procedure. SmallRecorder is only used after the encryption is made and so

only has to add the pre-encrypted EScript property to the end of the pre-compiled Encryption property (the program will always call the EncryptData Procedure before calling SmallRecorder) and then call Recorder.

The four remaining Procedures in CEncryption are: DecryptScript, DecryptData, EncryptionUnlock, and Placer. All four of these procedures make up the FERD

DecryptScript can be thought of as the reverse of EncryptScript. It is very simple, containing only two Procedure Calls, the rest of its code being oriented toward the user interface. The two calls are to EncryptUnlock and Placer respectively.

DecryptData is very closely related to CProject's Decrypt Procedure. It sets the ENumber property equal to the value of the last four numbers of the Encryption property, and then removes the four numbers from the ciphertext (Encryption property). It then sets EncryptionBuilder's ENumber and Pass variables to the encryptions ENumber Property and the ProjectName and ProjectOwner (separated by a space) properties. From there on DecryptData decrypts most of the Encryption property into the following properties in their respective orders: BackupPassword, CreationDate, EDate, Name, Password, and Status. The EScript property is then set to equal the remainder of the Encryption property.

EncryptionUnlock is closely related to Writer in that it also utilizes six For Loops in order to access EncryptionArray. However, it is also related to Scramble in that it assigns data to the elements of EncryptionArray. EncryptionUnlock essentially has the reverse of PassCreator built into its first lines of code. It assigns EncryptionNum the value of the smallest number who when raised to the sixth power is equal to the length of the ciphertext divided by 4 (the ciphertext, EScript, is made up of numbers and is 4 times as long as the decrypted plaintext). It then ReDimensions EncryptionArray to fit the plaintext. From there on the six For Loops are used to assign the ciphertext to EncryptionArray.

Like the second For Loops in Scramble and Writer, the second For Loop in EncryptionUnlock uses the Num1 and Num2 variables to constantly update the progress bar on the Decrypter form in order to keep the user informed of the Encryption's progress. The second Loop in EncryptionUnlock deals with the first 50%, and the second Loop in Placer deals with the last 50%.

The sixth Loop in EncryptionUnlock is very simple. It reverses all of EncryptionArray's element's values, and if they are deemed to be random data, the element is emptied. The element's value is deemed random by whether or not it is greater than the product (the

highest number attainable for the ciphertext) of the Encryption's ENumber property and 255. If it is found to be higher, it is deemed random.

CEncryption's final Procedure is called Placer. Placer is closely related to both Writer as it deals with the removal of data from EncryptionArray's elements, and to Scramble, in that they deal with the CSM and the order of their For Loops are the same. Like in Scramble, Placer decides what its Pass variable will be depending on the Encryption's Password property. After Pass is decided upon, Placer's remaining code is composed of the six For Loops.

The second Loop, just as in Scramble, Writer, and EncryptionUnlock, is used mainly to update the progress bar on the Decrypter form in order to keep the user informed of the Encryption's progress. This particular Loop deals with the last 50% of the bar.

Placer's sixth Loop deals with the last steps of the FERD. It subtracts the ASCII value of a character in Pass from the current element of EncryptionArray, and then divides the remaining value by the Encryption's ENumber property. The value of the element of EncryptionArray is then equal to some character in the ASCII table. The FERD's final step is to add that character to a textbox on the Decrypter form called Display.

The BASIC modules ProjectLoader and EncryptionBuilder play an important role in both how the program processes the various objects of CUser, CProject, and CEncryption; and in encryption and decryption of the objects' properties.

EncryptionBuilder contains four public variables and two sub procedures. The variables are called Encryptee and Pass (of type String), and EncrypteeLen and ENumber (of type Long). The Procedures are called Encrypt and Decrypt, and are essentially smaller versions of the FER and the FERD. They are smaller because of the fact that they do not utilize the Multi-Dimensional array in their routines. It was removed because of the fact that the fact that the routines are used to encrypt and decrypt individual properties, and if it were included, the resulting ciphertext would be unable to be decrypted once the program was shut down and the objects' plaintext properties were lost.

ProjectLoader can be thought of as one of the driving forces behind the program's structure. It is what imports the Users, Projects, and Encryptions from their files and creates their corresponding objects. It then adds the objects to Collections, which are essentially like dynamic arrays that hold objects in their elements. ProjectLoader also

contains a very important string variable called Insat. When the program is run, the MainMenu form's Form_Load procedure opens a file on the C drive that was created by the Installer. It then retrieves the single piece of information the file contains and assigns it to Insat. The piece of information is the directory in which the program's important folders and files are located. Without Insat, The program would not be able to run because it would not be able to find any of the user-profiles, projects, or encryptions.

The Installer (support program) that I created is very simple and is composed of nothing more than a few procedures that create a folder and file structure that the main program can recognize in a directory decided upon by the user. This folder and file structure, though absolutely crucial to the main program, is relatively simple and small, consisting of a main folder called "Saati Encryption Center" which contains two folders called "Projects" and "Users". Within the "Users" folder is a file called "Registered Users" that contains the User's encrypted file (the ciphertext of the user's password). Within the "Projects" folder is a file called "Projects". This file contains the names and owners of all of the projects created by the main program. A more detailed picture of the folder and file structure can be found in Appendix A, Figure 2.

Results

The results from normal use of the program are represented in three ways. The primary output is through a textbox called Display on the Decrypter form. When the program is run successfully, the fully decrypted plaintext is displayed in the textbox. The plaintext is displayed because of the successful retrieval and decryption of the ciphertexts corresponding to the User, the User's Project, and the Project's contained Encryption.

The secondary form of output for the program is in the form of the interface. After all of the appropriate ciphertexts have been decrypted into their corresponding plaintexts, the interface uses many of the properties of all three classes to enrich the interface between the program and the user. For example, whether a project is open or closed is blatantly obvious in the form of words and a colored (red or green depending on whether it is open or closed) shape on the ProjectBrowser form. Also, properties such as the Users' EntryAttempts property are used to inform the user how many times they have entered the wrong password and how many tries they have left before their user-profile becomes locked out of the program.

The program's third form of output is through the encrypted files that it creates to store information about all of the Users, Projects, and Encryptions. In earlier forms of the program, the output files would be riddled with empty spaces or obviously too short for the message that was encrypted (an early error that was solved with the introduction of the NMR). However, in the finished program, the outputted files are all uniformly random in appearance, and appear to be completely encrypted because of the fact that they are essentially one long string of numbers with no obvious reference points.

From my research in cryptography methods, I learned that the best encryption would have absolutely no reference points from which to begin using the brute force method to decrypt it.

By adapting the Procedures in EncryptionBuilder to mimic the output of the FER, I was able to seamlessly combine the two routines' output into a single string that had absolutely no reference points. Because of the proper meshing of the two Routines, that nice, even transition between their outputs was achieved. (Appendix A, Figure 4)

Analysis

From the Display textbox on the Decrypter form, one can easily view the contents of an Encryption. The results from many, many tests of the program show that there is absolutely NO difference between the original plaintext, and the current plaintext. Also, the outputted files all show consistency and uniformity with no gaps or prolonged occurrences of a single digit or patter. This shows that the program is completely accurate in all of its routines and procedures, which is a very important point to be extracted from the results.

In addition, the program's interface shows no imperfections or errors of any kind in regards to the individual parts that are tied directly to the properties and procedures of the classes, the BASIC module ProjectLoader, or the program's driving procedures and routines. This also verifies that the project is working perfectly.

These positive results indicate that my program is ready to become useful to anyone wishing to safely encrypt a message. Although I have only created a very basic version of the FER, the outputs that I have observed from the program indicate that the code is sound and, rather than being changed, only needs to be improved upon.

Overall, it would appear that the outputs from the program coincide with those of cryptologists' theoretical knowledge. These results, though not often truly difficult to achieve in the field of cryptography, offer hope that this encryption routine might one day be powerful enough to use in businesses and militaries around the world. However, while my program would be more than sufficient enough to safely encrypt anyone's private messages, however, there is always room for improvement.

Conclusions

There are many conclusions that I am able to draw from the results I achieved, especially because most of the results indicate that the routines are all working properly. One of the major conclusions that I arrived at after reviewing all of the results is that a Multi-Dimensional encryption Routine can be successfully used in an encryption algorithm in order to completely scramble the plaintext into an unintelligible ciphertext. I also concluded that the "Keyword" version of the Caesar Shift method is a very versatile encryption method that, though based on an incredibly simple principle, is still very powerful. Another conclusion which I arrived at is that the encrypting power of an encryption algorithm can be significantly augmented by the addition of a routine that converts the characters of the plaintext into numbers and then arbitrarily manipulates their values so as to create completely unrelated values. However, the greatest conclusion that I was able to extract from the results was that the combination of a Multi-Dimensional encryption routine, the "Keyword" version of the Caesar Shift method, and a routine for manipulating the numbers behind the data in the plaintext can create an incredibly powerful encryption tool that could stump even the most adept hackers.

Project Achievements

The most rewarding achievement of my project in the field of research that I chose was the working Encryption algorithm that I was able to create. Even though the algorithm is still in its infancy developmentally, it is suitable to use in my fairly basic program. It was important to realize that I was trying to create an algorithm that would be the basis for future algorithms to come. Because of this, I tried to keep the algorithm as simple as possible while still using all three of the principle encryption methods that I chose.

When speaking in terms of Computer Science, the project's most important achievements would have to be the methods by which I managed to create the FER algorithm and that allow for easy expansion of the project. While developing the code for the prototype program, I kept it very modularized, so as to make it easy to not only find and trap errors, but to add to and edit the program. After I eventually created the three classes, I continued to keep the code modularized and so continued to keep the code easy to read and expand upon. When someone decides that they want to build upon the original algorithm that I have created, they will be able to do so with the utmost ease and the smallest chance of causing errors in the rest of the program. In a case such as this, where the complexity and power of the algorithm depend only on how much time the programmer has, this approach becomes extremely important.

A second achievement of the project in Computer Science was the Multi-Dimensional encryption routine. This was a routine that I came up with after being inspired by the many different types of 2-Dimensional scrambling methods that I researched. It forms the backbone of the program and offers unprecedented scrambling capabilities. It is also very important because of its versatility. It can be molded to an infinites number of

dimensions, and there is essentially no limit to the number of elements in the array itself, so there would be no limit to what it could encrypt. This routine was very important, not to mention effective.

Recommendations

Because of any encryption algorithm's inherent volatility and tendency to become more advanced over time, the program could have an innumerable amount of different methods and routines added to it. Not to mention the number of properties that could be added to the classes and used by the program to both enrich the interface and provide even deeper layers of security. However, the more properties and routines that are implemented, the more system resources would be taken up by the encryption routine. Eventually, if the routine became too complex, it could cause a slower computer to crash. So, if I, or anyone else for that matter, decide to expand upon the program, I should insert code that would perhaps store part of the array to file so as to save on the amount of resources that the computer would be using (Appendix A, Figure 5).

The results that I extracted from the program's various outputs indicate that the code is sound, but the interface is still fairly basic. If I were allowed more time, I would likely leave the encryption routines as they are and focus on the task of improving the user interface. Perhaps after adding a form from which the user could change things about their user profile, I would add the EntryAttempts and LockedOut properties to CProject and CEncryption. The point of these properties is to prevent hackers from using the brute force method to break into someone's account. Currently, a user is allowed three wrong password entries before the program locks the user out. When a user is locked out, they simply have to restart the program and try again. This would certainly deter hackers who were attempting to use the brute force method, but it is not a terribly strong deterrent, actually it's more of just a nuisance because they simply have to restart the program and can try again. So, if I had more time, I would also expand upon those two properties so that

they were included in the encrypted ciphertext for each Project and Encryption, that way, I could use them in conjunction with the EDate property to lock a user out for a length of time, such as an hour or even a whole day. Another approach would be to have a single user (perhaps the first to use the program) register as the program's administrator so that when a User became locked out, the Administrator would be required to enter their password in order to "unlock" the user.

Yet another thing that I could work on would be to convert the plaintext textboxes on the Encrypter and Decrypter forms into rich textboxes so as to allow the user a way to encrypt a specially formatted document, such as a résumé. This would simply entail doing some work on the user interface and the addition of some of the rich textbox's properties into the CEncryption Class. After that, all I would have to do is add those new properties to CEncryption's EncryptData and DecryptData Procedures.

Eventually I would hope that all of this and more will be added to the program so that the user will find it as comfortable to use as some of Microsoft's other applications such as Microsoft Word. However, if all of these things were to happen, then the time and resource demands of the program would mean that everyone using it would have to be running it on supercomputers (or at least computers more powerful than the home PCs that I have been testing it on).

Acknowledgements and Citations

I would like to thank Jim Mims, my teacher and project mentor, for all of his time and effort. Before the completion of this project, I might not have been able to handle such a large program and project. Now, because of his help and guidance, I am able to do many of things with much greater proficiency and speed. He has taught me many new ways to approach problems and challenges that have been helpful with this project, as well as outside of it.

I would also like to extend thanks to Kelvin Smalls, my father. His invaluable time and patience has helped me pull the project out of the gutter countless times. I would also like to thank Mr. Yasuaki Nagatomo, my Shotokan Karate Sensei, whose outlook on problem solving and on life in general was a constant inspiration for me.

Finally, I would like to thank all of my many friends here at Albuquerque Academy and elsewhere that supported and encouraged me throughout the entire process. I would not have made it without them.

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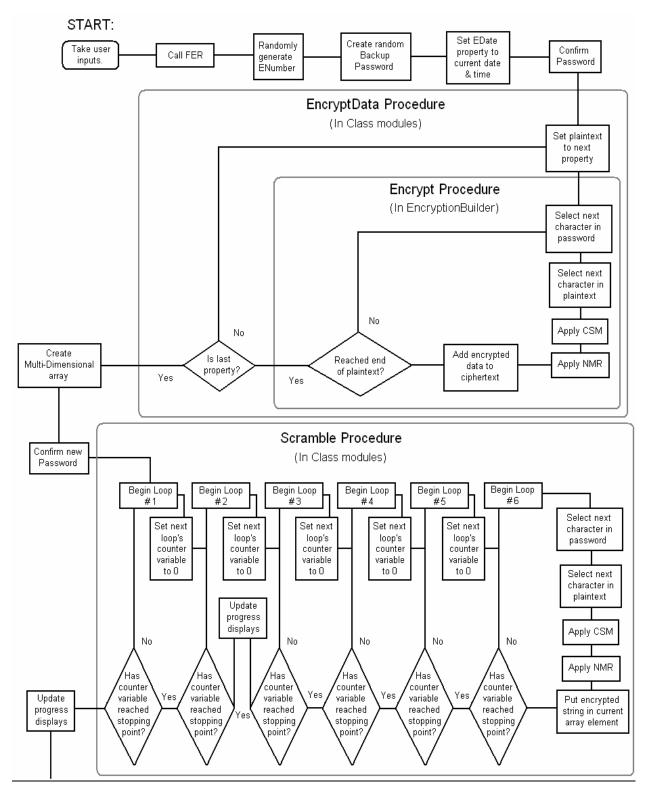
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Appendix A: Report Figures



Continued on next page

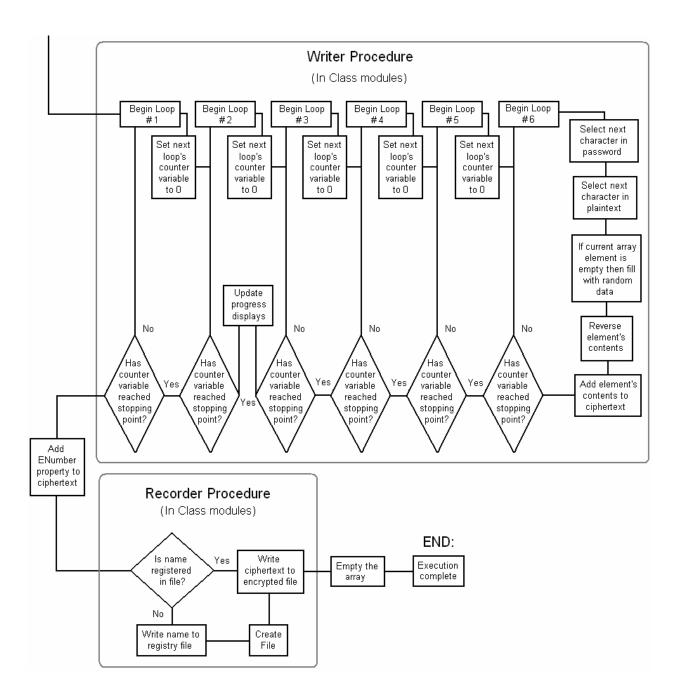


Figure 1: A simplified flowchart of the Full Encryption Routine (FER)

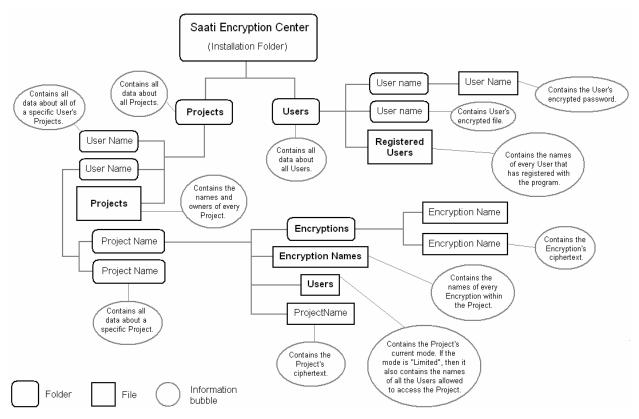


Figure 2: A visual representation of the program's File and Folder system. Please Note: bold type represents a file/folder's actual name; normal type means that the name is user generated.

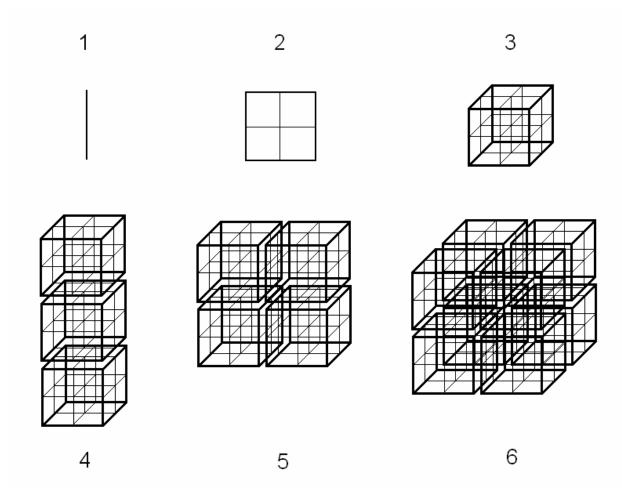


Figure 3: A visual representation of six dimensions and their relative "cube" structures. The sixth dimensional "cube" represents the Multi-Dimensional array used in the program.

Sample Program Input: Gettysburg Address excerpt

Four score and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this continent, a new nation, conceived in Liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal.

Program's Output:

0184603190689013111401789061111390698036607251374171005631509106127312012215813912931262915260202178817881931209819112201260003102149

Figure 4: Sample input and output from the program. Please note that due to the size of the input most of the output in this example is random data created by the computer to fill the empty elements within the array.

Largest value that a long variable can hold = 2,147,483,647

2,147,483,647 ^ 6 = 9.80797143413853 X 10 ^ 55 = maximum number of elements in the six-dimensional array.

3.45811922179568 X 10 ^ 44 Terabytes = maximum output file size from the program.

Figure 5: Miscellaneous figures about the six-dimensional array and program.

Appendix B: CEncryption Code

'Code written in Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0, line comment character is '

'Property and Global variable Dimensioning

Public Name As String 'Encryption's name Public ProjectName As String 'Name of the Encryption's project Public ProjectOwner As String 'Name of the owner of the Encryption's project Public Password As String 'User created password Public BackupPassword As String 'Randomly generated backup password Public CreationDate As String 'Date that the Encryption was created Public EDate As String 'Date that the Encryption was last changed or edited Public ENumber As Integer 'Used in the FER Public Encryption As String 'stores the ciphertext while the encryption is not being used Public EScript As String 'Stores the plaintext while the encryption is not being used Public Status As String 'States whether the Encryption is "locked" or "Unlocked" Dim EncryptionNum As Long 'Used in the FER Dim EncryptionArray() As String ' The multi-dimensional array Public Sub EncryptScript() Randomize ENumber = Int(Rnd * 38) + 1 'Creates random encryption number e = Int(Rnd * 30) + 1 'Sets length for Backup Password For i = 1 To e 'Creates random backup password BackupPassword = BackupPassword & Chr(Int(Rnd * 244) + 1) Next i Call EncryptData Call PassCreator If Encrypter.Visible = True Then Encrypter.Progress.Caption = "Loading Data" 'Updates progress displays If Decrypter.Visible = True Then Decrypter.Progress.Caption = "Loading Data" 'Ditto Call Scramble If Encrypter.Visible = True Then Encrypter.Progress.Caption = "Recording Data" 'Ditto If Decrypter.Visible = True Then Decrypter.Progress.Caption = "Recording Data" 'Ditto Call Writer Call Recorder If Encrypter.Visible = True Then Encrypter.Progress.Caption = "Complete!" 'Ditto If Decrypter.Visible = True Then Decrypter.Progress.Caption = "Complete!" 'Ditto If Encrypter.Visible = True Then Encrypter.Percent.Caption = "100%" 'Ditto If Decrypter.Visible = True Then Decrypter.Percent.Caption = "100%" 'Ditto ReDim EncryptionArray(0) As String End Sub Public Sub EncryptData() Dim L As String * 4 'Creates fixed length string 4 characters long Encryption = EDate = Format(Now, "mm/dd/yy") & " * & Format(Now, "hh:mm:ss AM/PM") 'Sets Edate to current date and time separated by a space EncryptionBuilder.ENumber = ENumber EncryptionBuilder.Pass = ProjectName & " " & ProjectOwner 'Creates password for property encryption EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(BackupPassword) L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(BackupPassword))) 'Hides length of BackupPassword Encryption = L EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = BackupPassword Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted BackupPassword to ciphertext EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(CreationDate) L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(CreationDate))) 'Hides length of CreationDate Encryption = Encryption & L EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = CreationDate Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted CreationDate to ciphertext

EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(EDate)

```
L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(EDate))) 'Hides length of EDate
  Encryption = Encryption & L
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = EDate
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt
  Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted EDate to ciphertext
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(Name)
  L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(Name))) 'Hides length of Name
  Encryption = Encryption & L
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Name
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt
  Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted Name to ciphertext
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(Password)
  L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(Password))) 'Hides length of Password
  Encryption = Encryption & L
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Password
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt
  Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted Password to ciphertext
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(Status)
  L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(Status))) 'Hides length of Status
  Encryption = Encryption & L
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Status
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt
  Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted Status to ciphertext
End Sub
Private Sub PassCreator() 'Creates best-fit array
  Dim i As Long
  i = 1
  Do
    i = i + 1
  Loop Until i ^ 6 >= Len(EScript)
  If i = 1 Then i = 2
  ReDim EncryptionArray(i, i, i, i, i, i) As String 'Creates array
  EncryptionNum = i
End Sub
Private Sub Scramble()
  Dim i As Long, e As Long, f As Long, g As Long, X As Long, Y As Long, z As Long, n As Long
  Dim Pass As String
  Dim Letter As String * 4
  Dim Num1 As Double, Num2 As Double
  Num1 = 50 / (EncryptionNum ^ 2)
  If Password = "" Then 'Decides whether to use Password or BackupPassword
    Pass = BackupPassword
  Else:
    Pass = Password
  End If
  z = 1
  For Y = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
    X = 0
    For X = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
      g = 0
      For g = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
        f = 0
         For f = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
           i = 0
           For i = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
             e = 0
             For e = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
               If n = Len(Password) Then 'Selects next character in password
                  n = 1
               Else:
                  n = n + 1
               End If
               Letter = (Asc(Mid(EScript, z, 1)) * ENumber) + Asc(Mid(Password, n, 1)) 'Encrypts data via the NMR
                EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = LengthCheck(Letter) 'Assigns encrypted data to current array element
```

```
z = z + 1
               If z > Len(EScript) Then Exit Sub
             Next e
           Next i
         Next f
       Next g
      Num2 = Num2 + Num1 'Updates progress displays
      If Encrypter.Visible = True Then
         Encrypter.PB1.Value = Num2
         Encrypter.Percent.Caption = Round(Num2, 2) & "%"
      End If
      If Decrypter.Visible = True Then
         Decrypter.PB1.Value = Num2
         Decrypter.Percent.Caption = Round(Num2, 2) & "%"
      End If
    Next X
  Next Y
End Sub
Private Sub Writer()
  Dim i As Long, e As Long, f As Long, g As Long, X As Long, Y As Long
  Dim Num1 As Double, Num2 As Double
  Num1 = 50 / (EncryptionNum ^ 2)
  Num2 = 50
  Randomize
  For e = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
    i = 0
    For i = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
      f = 0
      For f = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
        g = 0
         For g = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
           X = 0
           For X = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
             Y = 0
             For Y = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
               If EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = "" Then EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = (Int(Rnd * (9999 - ((ENumber + 1) * 255))) + 1)
+ ((ENumber + 1) * 255) 'If element is empty, assigns random data to it
               EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = StrReverse(EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e)) 'Reverses current element
                Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e)
             Next Y
           Next X
         Next g
      Next f
      Num2 = Num2 + Num1 'Updates progress displays
      If Encrypter.Visible = True Then
         Encrypter.PB1.Value = Num2
         Encrypter.Percent.Caption = Round(Num2, 2) & "%"
      End If
      If Decrypter.Visible = True Then
         Decrypter.PB1.Value = Num2
         Decrypter.Percent.Caption = Round(Num2, 2) & "%"
      End If
    Next i
  Next e
  Encryption = Encryption & LengthCheck(ENumber) 'Adds ENumber to ciphertext
End Sub
Private Sub Recorder()
  Dim Good As Boolean
  Dim Temp As String
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & ProjectOwner & "\" & ProjectName & "\Encryption Names") For Input As #1
    Good = True
    Do While Not EOF(1) 'Checks to see if Encryption already exists
      Input #1, Temp
      If Temp = Name Then Good = False
    Loop
```

```
Close #1
```

```
If Good = True Then 'If Encryption is new, registers name
    Open (Insat & "Projects\" & ProjectOwner & "\" & ProjectName & "\Encryption Names") For Append As #2
      Write #2. Name
    Close #2
  End If
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & ProjectOwner & "\" & ProjectName & "\Encryptions\" & Name) For Output As #1
    Write #1, Encryption 'Writes ciphertext to file
  Close #1
End Sub
Public Sub SmallRecorder()
  Encryption = Encryption & EScript 'adds encrypted message to encrypted properties to create ciphertext
  Encryption = Encryption & LengthCheck(ENumber) 'Adds ENumber to cphertext
  Call Recorder
End Sub
Public Sub DecryptScript()
  Decrypter.Progress.Caption = "Reading Data" 'Updates progress displays
  Call EncryptionUnlock
  Decrypter.Progress.Caption = "Loading Data" 'Ditto
  Call Placer
  Decrypter.Progress.Caption = "Complete!" 'Ditto
  Decrypter.Percent.Caption = "100%" 'Ditto
  Decrypter.PB1.Value = 100 'Ditto
End Sub
Public Sub DecryptData()
  Dim Temp As String
  ENumber = Val(Right(Encryption, 4)) 'Extracts ENumber from ciphertext
  Encryption = Left(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4) 'Removes ENumber info. from ciphertext
  EncryptionBuilder.ENumber = ENumber
  EncryptionBuilder.Pass = ProjectName & " " & ProjectOwner 'Creates password for property decryption
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of BackupPassword
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4)
  Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from
ciphertext
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt
  BackupPassword = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of CreationDate
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4)
  Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from
ciphertext
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt
  CreationDate = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of EDate
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4)
  Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from
ciphertext
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt
  EDate = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of Name
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4)
  Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from
ciphertext
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt
  Name = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of Password
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4)
```

```
Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from
ciphertext
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt
  Password = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee
  EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of Status
  EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4)
  Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from
ciphertext
  Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt
  Status = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee
  EScript = Encryption 'assigns remaining ciphertext to EScript property
End Sub
Private Sub EncryptionUnlock()
  Dim i As Long, e As Long, f As Long, g As Long, X As Long, Y As Long, z As Long, n As Long
  Dim Num1 As Double, Num2 As Double
  Dim Letter As String * 4
  z = 1
  Do 'Creates array dimensioning variable
    n = n + 1
  Loop Until (n ^ 6) >= Len(EScript) / 4
  EncryptionNum = n
  ReDim EncryptionArray(n, n, n, n, n, n) As String 'Creates best fit array
  Num1 = 50 / (n^2)
  For e = 0 To n - 1
    i = 0
    For i = 0 To n - 1
      f = 0
      For f = 0 To n - 1
         g = 0
         For g = 0 To n - 1
           X = 0
           For X = 0 To n - 1
             Y = 0
             For Y = 0 To n - 1
                EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = StrReverse(Mid(EScript, z, 4)) 'Assigns next piece of ciphertext to current array element
                If Val(EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e)) > (ENumber + 1) * 255 Then EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = "" 'If element is
random data, empties it
               z = z + 4
             Next Y
           Next X
         Next g
      Next f
      Num2 = Num2 + Num1 'Updates progress displays
      Decrypter.PB1.Value = Num2
      Decrypter.Percent.Caption = Round(Num2, 2) & "%"
    Next i
  Next e
End Sub
Private Sub Placer()
  Dim i As Long, e As Long, f As Long, g As Long, X As Long, Y As Long
  Dim t As Integer
  Dim Num1 As Double, Num2 As Double
  Dim Pass As String
  If Password <> "" Then 'Decides whether to use Password or BackupPassword
    Pass = Password
  Else:
    Pass = BackupPassword
  End If
  Num1 = 50 / (EncryptionNum^2)
  Num2 = 50
  For Y = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
    X = 0
    For X = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
      g = 0
      For g = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
```

```
f = 0
         For f = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
            i = 0
            For i = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
              e = 0
              For e = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
                 If EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) <> "" Then
If t = Len(Pass) Then 'Selects next character in password
                     t = 1
                   Else:
                     t = t + 1
                   End If
                   EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = Chr((Val(EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e)) - Asc(Mid(Pass, t, 1))) / ENumber) 'Decrypts
data via the NMR
                   Decrypter.TextDisplay.Text = Decrypter.TextDisplay.Text & EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) 'Adds element's contents to
plaintext
                 End If
              Next e
            Next i
         Next f
       Next g
       Num2 = Num2 + Num1 'Updates progress displays
       Decrypter.PB1.Value = Num2
       Decrypter.Percent.Caption = Round(Num2, 2) & "%"
    Next X
  Next Y
End Sub
```

Appendix C: CProject Code

'Property and Global variable dimensioning

Public Name As String 'Project's name Public Password1 As String '1st password Public Password2 As String '2nd optional password Public EType As String 'Project's mode (Public, Limited, or Private) Public CreationDate As String 'Date the Project was created Public EDate As String 'Date that the Project was last changed or edited Public ENumber As Integer 'Random number used in encryption and decryption Public Owner As String 'Name of the user that created the project Public Status As String 'States whether the project is "Open" or "Closed" Public Encryption As String 'Stores the ciphertext while the Project is not being used Public Sub Encrypt() On Error Resume Next 'Error handler Dim fso As New FileSystemObject Dim i As Integer EDate = Format(Now, "mm/dd/yy") & " " & Format(Now, "hh:mm:ss AM/PM") 'Sets EDate to current date and time separated by a space fso.CreateFolder (Insat & "Projects\" & Owner & "\" & Name) 'Creates necessary folders and file fso.CreateFolder (Insat & "Projects\" & Owner & "\" & Name & "\Encryptions") Open (Insat & "Projects\" & Owner & "\" & Name & "\Encryption Names") For Append As #1 Close #1 Call SmallEncrypter End Sub Private Sub SmallEncrypter() Dim L As String * 4 Randomize Encryption = "" ENumber = Int(Rnd * 38) + 1 'Creates random encryption number EncryptionBuilder.ENumber = ENumber EncryptionBuilder.Pass = Owner EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(CreationDate) L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(CreationDate))) 'Hides length of CreationDate Encryption = Encryption & L EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = CreationDate Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted CreationDate to ciphertext EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(EDate) L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(EDate))) 'Hides length of EDate Encryption = Encryption & L EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = EDate Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted EDate to ciphertext EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(EType) L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(EType))) 'Hides length of EType Encryption = Encryption & L EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = EType Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted EType to ciphertext EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(Password1) L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(Password1))) 'Hides length of Password1 Encryption = Encryption & L EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Password1 Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted Password1 to ciphertext EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(Password2)

L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(Password2))) 'Hides length of Password2

Encryption = Encryption & L EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Password2 Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted Password2 to ciphertext EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Len(Status) L = StrReverse(LengthCheck(Len(Status))) 'Hides length of Status Encryption = Encryption & L EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Status Call EncryptionBuilder.Encrypt Encryption = Encryption & EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee 'Adds encrypted Status to ciphertext Open (Insat & "Projects\" & Owner & "\" & Name & "\" & Name) For Output As #1 Write #1, Encryption & LengthCheck(ENumber) Close #1 End Sub Public Sub Decrypt() ENumber = Val(Right(Encryption, 4)) 'Extracts ENumber from ciphertext Encryption = Left(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4) 'Removes ENumber info. from ciphertext EncryptionBuilder.ENumber = ENumber EncryptionBuilder.Pass = Owner 'Creates password for property decryption EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of CreationDate EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4) Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from ciphertext Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt CreationDate = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of EDate EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4) Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from ciphertext Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt EDate = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of EType EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4) Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from ciphertext Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt EType = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of Password1 EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4) Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from ciphertext Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt Password1 = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of Password2 EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4) Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from ciphertext Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt Password2 = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen = Val(StrReverse(Left(Encryption, 4))) 'Extracts length of Status EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4) Encryption = Right(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - (4 * (EncryptionBuilder.EncrypteeLen + 1))) 'Removes used property info. from ciphertext Call EncryptionBuilder.Decrypt Status = EncryptionBuilder.Encryptee End Sub

Appendix D: CUser Code

'Property and public variable dimensioning

```
Public Name As String 'User's name
Public Password As String 'User's password
Public Encryption As String 'Stores the ciphertext when user is being encrypted/decrypted
Public ENumber As Integer 'Random number involved in encryption and decryption
Public EntryAttempts As Integer 'Number of times user has entered the wrong password
Public LockedDown As Boolean 'Determines whether the user can sign in or not
Dim EncryptionNum As Long 'Used in the FER
Dim EncryptionArray() As String ' The multi-dimensional array
Public Sub Encrypt()
  Randomize
  ENumber = Int(Rnd * 38) + 1 'Creates random encryption number
  Call PassCreator
  Call Scramble
  Call Writer
  Call Recorder
  ReDim EncryptionArray(0) As String
End Sub
Private Sub PassCreator() 'Creates best-fit array
  Dim i As Long
  i = 1
  Do
    i = i + 1
  Loop Until i ^ 6 >= Len(Password)
  If i = 1 Then i = 2
  ReDim EncryptionArray(i, i, i, i, i, i) As String 'Creates array
  EncryptionNum = i
End Sub
Private Sub Scramble()
  Dim i As Long, e As Long, f As Long, g As Long, X As Long, Y As Long, z As Long, n As Long
  Dim Letter As String * 4
  z = 1
  For Y = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
    X = 0
    For X = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
      g = 0
      For g = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
        f = 0
         For f = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
           i = 0
           For i = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
             e = 0
             For e = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
               If n = Len(Name) Then 'Selects next character in password
                  n = 1
                Else:
                  n = n + 1
               End If
                EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = LengthCheck((Asc(Mid(Password, z, 1)) * ENumber) + Asc(Mid(Name, n, 1))) 'Encrypts
data via the NMR and assigns to current array element
                z = z + 1
                If z > Len(Password) Then Exit Sub
             Next e
           Next i
         Next f
      Next g
    Next X
  Next Y
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub Writer()
  Dim i As Long, e As Long, f As Long, g As Long, X As Long, Y As Long
  Randomize
  For e = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
    i = 0
    For i = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
      f = 0
       For f = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
         g = 0
         For g = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
           X = 0
           For X = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
              Y = 0
              For Y = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
                If EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = "" Then EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = (Int(Rnd * (9999 - ((ENumber + 1) * 255))) + 1)
+ ((ENumber + 1) * 255) 'If element is empty, assigns random data to it
                Encryption = Encryption & StrReverse(EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e)) 'Reverses current element and adds it to ciphertext
              Next Y
            Next X
         Next g
       Next f
    Next i
  Next e
  Encryption = Encryption & LengthCheck(ENumber) 'Adds ENumber to ciphertext
End Sub
Private Sub Recorder()
  Open (Insat & "Users\" & Name & "\" & Name) For Output As #1
    Write #1, Encryption 'Writes ciphertext to file
  Close #1
End Sub
Public Sub Decrypt()
  Call EncryptionUnlock
  Call Placer
End Sub
Private Sub EncryptionUnlock()
  Dim i As Long, e As Long, f As Long, g As Long, X As Long, Y As Long, z As Long, n As Long
  Dim Letter As String * 4
  z = 1
  ENumber = Val(Right(Encryption, 4))
  Encryption = Left(Encryption, Len(Encryption) - 4)
  Do 'Creates array dimensioning variable
    n = n + 1
  Loop Until (n \land 6) \ge Len(Encryption) / 4
  EncryptionNum = n
  ReDim EncryptionArray(n, n, n, n, n, n) As String 'Creates best fit array
  For e = 0 To n - 1
    i = 0
    For i = 0 To n - 1
      f = 0
      For f = 0 To n - 1
         g = 0
         For g = 0 To n - 1
           X = 0
           For X = 0 To n - 1
              Y = 0
              For Y = 0 To n - 1
                EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = StrReverse(Mid(Encryption, z, 4)) 'Assigns next piece of ciphertext to current array
element
                If Val(EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e)) > (ENumber + 1) * 255 Then EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) = "" 'If element is
random data, empties it
                z = z + 4
              Next Y
           Next X
         Next g
       Next f
```

```
Next i
  Next e
End Sub
Private Sub Placer()
  Dim i As Long, e As Long, f As Long, g As Long, X As Long, Y As Long
Dim t As Integer
  For Y = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
    X = 0
    For X = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
       g = 0
       For g = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
         f = 0
         For f = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
           i = 0
           For i = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
              e = 0
              For e = 0 To EncryptionNum - 1
                If EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e) <> "" Then
                  If t = Len(Name) Then 'Selects next character in password
                     t = 1
                  Else:
                     t = t + 1
                  End If
                  Password = Password & Chr((Val(EncryptionArray(Y, X, g, f, i, e)) - Asc(Mid(Name, t, 1))) / ENumber) 'Decrypts data via
the NMR and adds to plaintext
                End If
              Next e
           Next i
         Next f
      Next g
    Next X
  Next Y
End Sub
```

Appendix E: EncryptionBuilder Code

'Public variable dimensioning

```
Public Encryptee As String 'Used to store the plaintext and ciphertext during encryption and decryption
Public Pass As String 'Password used in encryption and decryption
Public EncrypteeLen As Long 'Length of Encryptee, used in encryption and decryption
Public ENumber As Long 'Random number involved in the NMR
Public Sub Encrypt()
  Dim i As Integer, e As Integer 'Counter variables
  Dim Temp As String 'Used to temporarily hold Encryptee's value
  Dim L As String * 4
If Encryptee = "" Then Exit Sub
  Temp = Encryptee
  Encryptee =
  For e = 1 To EncrypteeLen 'Forms ciphertext (Encryptee) via the CSM and the NMR
    If i = Len(Pass) Then
      i = 1
    Else:
      i = i + 1
    End If
    L = LengthCheck((Asc(Mid(Temp, e, 1)) * ENumber) + Asc(Mid(Pass, i, 1)))
    Encryptee = Encryptee & StrReverse(L)
  Next e
End Sub
Public Sub Decrypt()
  Dim i As Integer, e As Integer 'Counter variables
  Dim Temp As String 'Used to temporarily hold Encryptee's value
  If Encryptee = "" Then Exit Sub
  Temp = Encryptee
  Encryptee =
  For e = 1 To EncrypteeLen 'Forms plaintext (Encryptee) via the CSM and the NMR
    If i = Len(Pass) Then
      i = 1
    Else:
      i=i+1
    End If
    Encryptee = Encryptee & Chr((Val(StrReverse(Left(Temp, 4))) - Asc(Mid(Pass, i, 1))) / ENumber) 'Adds decrypted character of
ciphertext to plaintext
    Temp = Right(Temp, Len(Temp) - 4) 'removes used info. from ciphertext
  Next e
End Sub
Public Function LengthCheck(ByVal L As String) As String
  L = Trim(L) 'Removes leading and trailing spaces from L
  Do While Len(L) < 4 'Adds zeros to the beginning of L until L's total length is 4
    L = "0" & L
  Loop
  LengthCheck = L
End Function
```

Appendix F: ProjectLoader Code

'Public variable dimensioning

Public Insat As String 'Stores program's installation directory

```
Public Sub LoadUsers()
  Dim Temp As String
  Dim User1 As CUser 'Creates new User
  ProjectBrowser.NameList.Clear 'Updates user interface
  Open (Insat & "Users\Registered Users") For Input As #1
    Do While Not EOF(1)
      Set User1 = New CUser
      Input #1, Temp
      User1.Name = Temp
      Open (Insat & "Users\" & User1.Name & "\" & User1.Name) For Input As #2 'Opens user's encrypted file
        Input #2, Temp
         User1.Encryption = Temp
         User1.EntryAttempts = 0 'Assigns various automatic properties
         User1.LockedDown = False
         Call User1.Decrypt
        ProjectBrowser.Users.Add User1 'Adds user to collection of users
      Close #2
      ProjectBrowser.NameList.AddItem User1.Name 'Updates user interface
    Loop
  Close #1
End Sub
Public Sub Load_Project(SelectedProject As CProject)
  Dim Temp As String
  ProjectBrowser.EncryptionList.Clear
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryption Names") For Input As #1 'Opens file
containing a list of the Project's Encryptions
    Do While Not EOF(1)
      Input #1, Temp
      ProjectBrowser.EncryptionList.AddItem (Temp) 'Updates user interface
    Loop
  Close #1
  ProjectBrowser.Label4.Caption = "Project's current status: " & SelectedProject.Status 'Updates user interface
End Sub
Public Sub LoadProjects()
  ProjectBrowser.ProjectList.Clear 'Updates user interface
  Open (Insat & "Projects\Projects") For Input As #1
    Do While Not EOF(1)
      Call PC
    Loop
  Close #1
End Sub
Private Sub PC() 'Stands fo Project Creation
  Dim NewProject As New CProject
  Dim Temp As String
  Input #1, Temp
  NewProject.Name = Temp
  ProjectBrowser.ProjectList.AddItem Temp 'Updates user interface
  Input #1, Temp
  NewProject.Owner = Temp
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & NewProject.Owner & "\" & NewProject.Name & "\" & NewProject.Name) For Input As #2 'Opens Project's
encrypted file
    Input #2, Temp
  Close #2
  NewProject.Encryption = Temp
  Call NewProject.Decrypt
  ProjectBrowser.Projects.Add NewProject 'Adds project to collection of projects
End Sub
```

```
Public Sub Load_Encryptions(SelectedProject As CProject)
  Dim i As Integer
  Do While ProjectBrowser.Encryptions.Count > 0
    ProjectBrowser.Encryptions.Remove (1)
  Loop
  If ProjectBrowser.EncryptionList.ListCount > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To ProjectBrowser.EncryptionList.ListCount '1 to number of Project's Encryptions
      Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryptions\" &
ProjectBrowser.EncryptionList.List(i - 1)) For Input As #1 'Opens Encryption's encrypted file
        Call EC(SelectedProject)
      Close #1
    Next i
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub EC(SelectedProject As CProject)
  Dim NewEncryption As New CEncryption
  Dim Temp As String
  Input #1, Temp
  NewEncryption.Encryption = Temp
  NewEncryption.ProjectOwner = SelectedProject.Owner 'Assigns automatic properties
  NewEncryption.ProjectName = SelectedProject.Name
  Call NewEncryption.DecryptData
  ProjectBrowser.Encryptions.Add NewEncryption 'Adds Encryption to collection of Encryptions
End Sub
```

Appendix G: MainMenu Pictures and Code

Saati Encryption Center	
File Help	
SAATI ENCRYPTION CENTER	Create New Project Browse Current
Welcome to the Saati Encryption Center Main Menu!	Projects Register New User
'Startup screen, Purpose: Menu	
Private Sub About_Click() 'Menu bar button AboutForm.Show End Sub	
Private Sub BrowseCurrentProjects_Click() ProjectBrowser.SelectedUser.Name = "" 'Prepares ProjectBrowser fo ProjectBrowser.SelectedUser.Password = ""	r use

ProjectBrowser.Show Call ProjectLoader.LoadUsers Call ProjectLoader.LoadProjects ProjectBrowser.NameList.SetFocus

ProjectBrowser.RemoveUser.Enabled = False End Sub

Private Sub BrowseCurrentProjects_MouseMove(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

If InStr(Explanation.Caption, "new") > 0 Or InStr(Explanation.Caption, "Welcome") > 0 Then Explanation.Caption = "Click on this option to browse through previously created Projects." 'Displays text explaining about BrowseCurrentProjects End Sub

Private Sub CreateNewProject_Click() NewProjectCreation.Show NewProjectCreation.Frame1.Visible = True NewProjectCreation.NUName.SetFocus End Sub

Private Sub CreateNewProject_MouseMove(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

If InStr(Explanation.Caption, "browse") > 0 Or InStr(Explanation.Caption, "Welcome") > 0 Then

Explanation.Caption = "Click on this option to create a new Project that can contain related encrypted items. Password Protected, a project is a completely safe workstation from which you can manage all of your important encrypted files." 'Displays text explaining about CreateNewProject

Explanation.Font.Size = 14 End If End Sub

Private Sub Exit_Click() 'Menu bar button If MsgBox("Are you sure that you want to exit?", vbYesNo, "[>_<]") = vbNo Then End End Sub Private Sub Form Load() Open "C:\Program Files\Saati Encryption Center\Insat" For Input As #1 Input #1, Insat 'Retrieves installation directory Close #1 Open (Insat & "Users\Registered Users") For Input As #1 'Checks to see if there are any registered users If EOF(1) Then 'If there are none, makes it so new user can only register BrowseCurrentProjects.Enabled = False CreateNewProject.Enabled = False End If Close #1 Call ProjectLoader.LoadUsers Open (Insat & "Projects\Projects") For Input As #1 'If there are no registered Projects, makes it so user can only create new projects If EOF(1) = True Then BrowseCurrentProjects.Enabled = False Close #1 HelpForm.Timer1.Enabled = True Exit Sub ERROR: MsgBox "Saati Encryption Center must be installed before you can use it!", , "[>_<] ERROR" 'In case the program has not been installed or the directory file on the C drive has been damaged or deleted End End Sub Private Sub GreetingScreen_MouseMove(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single) If InStr(Explanation.Caption, "browse") > 0 Or InStr(Explanation.Caption, "new") > 0 Then 'Displays Greeting Explanation.Caption = "Welcome to the Saati Encryption Center Main Menu!" Explanation.Font.Bold = False Explanation.Font.Size = 16 End If End Sub Private Sub Help_Click() 'Menu bar button HelpForm.Show End Sub Private Sub MSplashScreen Click() 'Menu bar button SplashScreen.Show End Sub Private Sub RNU_Click() 'Stands for Register New User NewUserRegistry.Show NewUserRegistry.Text1.SetFocus End Sub Private Sub RNU MouseMove(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single) Explanation.Caption = "Click on this button to register yourself as a new user who can use Saati Encryption Center." 'Displays text explaining about RNU

End Sub

Appendix H: NewProjectCreation Pictures and Code

New Project Creater
Welcome to the New Project Creation Wizard! Here you can create new projects that act like containers for your encrypted files. Your first step will be choosing the basic outlines for your project.
Please enter your user-name here.
Please enter a name for your project here.
Would you like to Password
Cancel Next

Figure 1:

	ed prying. It is recommended that when you
Do you want to use one password or two? First Password Enter Password Confirm Password	C Two Second Password Enter Password Confirm Password Back Next

Figure 2:

🖲 New	/ Project Creater			
You	•		ess to the project besides yourself. Yo n people, or you can make it public.	ou
	Project Type			
	Private	 Limited 	O Public	
	Please enter the allowable		Allowable People	
	people's user names here.			
		_		
	Enter Name	1		
			Back Finish	

Figure 3:

'Public Object dimensioning

```
Public NewProject As New CProject
```

```
Private Sub ANE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call Enter_Name_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub Back1_Click()
  Frame2.Visible = False
  Frame1.Visible = True
End Sub
Private Sub Back2_Click()
  Frame5.Visible = False
  Frame2.Visible = True
End Sub
Private Sub Cancel_Click() 'Closes form
  NUName.Text = ""
  NPName.Text = ""
  NewProjectCreation.Hide
End Sub
Private Sub CFPW_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
    If Frame4.Enabled = True Then 'Decides wat to "Tab" to depending on if the user is using the optional second password
      SPW.SetFocus
    Else:
      Call Next2_Click
    End If
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub Create_Project_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  If NewProject.EType = "Limited" And List1.ListCount = 0 Then
    MsgBox "You have chosen to make a Limited Project. There must be at least one allowable person.", , "[>_<] Missing People!"
    ANE.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  NewProject.CreationDate = Format(Now, "mm/dd/yy") & " " & Format(Now, "hh:mm:ss AM/PM") 'Assigns properties
  NewProject.Name = NPName.Text
```

```
NewProject.Owner = NUName.Text
  NewProject.Password1 = FPW.Text
  If Option4.Value = True Then NewProject.Password2 = SPW.Text 'Assigns second password if user has a second password
  NewProject.Status = "Closed"
  Open (Insat & "Projects\Projects") For Append As #1 'Registers Project in file
    Write #1, NewProject.Name
    Write #1, NewProject.Owner
  Close #1
  Call NewProject.Encrypt
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & NewProject.Owner & "\" & NewProject.Name & "\Users") For Output As #1 'Records Project's mode
    Write #1, NewProject.EType
    If NewProject.EType = "Limited" Then 'if mode is limited, records all allowable users' names
      For i = 0 To List1.ListCount - 1
        Write #1, List1.List(i)
      Next i
    End If
  Close #1
  Call Reset 'Resets and hides form
  Frame5.Visible = False
  Frame1.Visible = True
  MainMenu.BrowseCurrentProjects.Enabled = True
  NewProjectCreation.Hide
End Sub
Private Sub Reset() 'Resets form's controls for next use
  NUName.Text = "
  NPName.Text = ""
  Option1.Value = True
  FPW.Text = ""
  CFPW.Text = ""
  SPW.Text = ""
  CSPW.Text = ""
  Option3.Value = True
  Option5.Value = True
  ANE.Text = '
  List1.Clear
End Sub
Private Sub CSPW Change()
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call Next2_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub Enter_Name_Click()
  List1.AddItem (ANE.Text) 'Adds "Allowable" User's name to list
  ANE.Text = "
  ANE.SetFocus
End Sub
Private Sub FPW_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then CFPW.SetFocus 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub Next1 Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  Dim Temp As String
  Dim Good As Boolean
  NUName.Text = Trim(NUName.Text)
  NPName.Text = Trim(NPName.Text)
  If NUName.Text = "" Then 'Checks whether or not the user has entered their user-name
    MsgBox "Please enter a valid User Name", , "[>_<] Missing Information"
    NUName.Text =
    NUName.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  Elself NPName.Text = "" Or NPName.Text = "Encryption Names" Or NPName.Text = "Users" Then 'Checks whether or not the user has
entered a valid name for the Project
    MsgBox "Please enter a valid Project Name", , "[>_<] Missing Information"
    NPName.Text =
    NPName.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  Open (Insat & "Users\Registered Users") For Input As #1 'Checks to make sure the User is registered
```

```
Do While Not EOF(1)
      Input #1. Temp
      If Temp = NUName.Text Then
         Good = True
         Exit Do
       End If
    Loop
  Close #1
  If Good = False Then
    For i = 1 To ProjectBrowser.Users.Count
      If ProjectBrowser.Users.Item(i).Name = NUName.Text Then
        If ProjectBrowser.Users.Item(i).LockedDown = True Then 'If User has been locked out of the program, then it resets and hides
the form
           MsgBox "Sorry " & NUName.Text & ", but you have been locked out and are not able to make any new projects as of now.", ,
"[>_<] Access Error"
           Call Reset
           NewProjectCreation.Hide
           Exit Sub
         End If
         Exit For
      End If
    Next i
    MsgBox "That User-Name is not recognized. Please enter a valid name, or return to the menu and register as a new user.", , "[>_<]
Unfamiliar Name"
    NUName.Text = ""
    NUName.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  Good = True
  Open (Insat & "Projects\Projects") For Input As #1
    Do While Not EOF(1) 'Checks to see if the Project's name has been taken
      Input #1, Temp 'Reads Project's name from file.
      If Temp = NPName.Text Then
         Good = False
        Exit Do
      End If
      Input #1, Temp 'Reads Project's owner's name from file
    Loop
  Close #1
  If Good = False Then
    MsgBox "That Project-Name has been taken. Please enter another name.", , "[>_<] Name already taken"
    NPName.Text =
    NPName.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  Frame1.Visible = False
  If Option1.Value = True Then
    Frame2.Visible = True
    FPW.SetFocus
  Else:
    Frame5.Visible = True
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub Next2_Click()
  FPW.Text = Trim(FPW.Text)
  CFPW.Text = Trim(CFPW.Text)
  SPW.Text = Trim(SPW.Text)
  CSPW.Text = Trim(CSPW.Text)
  If FPW.Text <> CFPW.Text Then 'Makes sure that the User confirmed their first password correctly
    MsgBox "Please re-enter your first password.", , "[>_<] Missing/Invalid Password Information"
    FPW.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  If Option4.Value = True Then
    If SPW.Text = "" Or CSPW.Text = "" Or SPW.Text <> CSPW.Text Then 'Makes sure that the User confirmed their second password
correctly
      MsgBox "Please re-enter your Second password.", , "[>_<] Missing/Invalid Password Information"
      SPW.SetFocus
      Exit Sub
    End If
```

```
End If
  NewProject.EType = "Private"
  Frame2.Visible = False
  Frame5.Visible = True
  Frame7.Enabled = False
End Sub
Private Sub NPName_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
 If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call Next1_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub NUName_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then NPName.SetFocus 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub Option3_Click() 'Allows user to enter only first password
  Frame4.Enabled = False
End Sub
Private Sub Option4_Click() 'Allows user to enter optional second password
  Frame4.Enabled = True
End Sub
Private Sub Option5_Click() 'Sets NewProject's mode to "Private"
  Frame7.Enabled = False
  NewProject.EType = "Private"
End Sub
Private Sub Option6_Click() 'Sets NewProject's mode to "Limited"
  Frame7.Enabled = True
  NewProject.EType = "Limited"
End Sub
Private Sub Option7_Click() 'Sets NewProject's mode to "Public"
  Frame7.Enabled = False
  NewProject.EType = "Public"
End Sub
Private Sub SPW_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then CSPW.SetFocus 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
```

Appendix I: ProjectBrowser Pictures and Code

Please select your name from the list below.	Projects
Wesley	Project Name
Bob	WWH1
Jane Kelvin	WWH2 Taylor's Project
Taylor	Kelvin's Project
- 52	Taylor isn't allowed!
Please enter your Password.	
	Project's current status: Closed
Check Password	
Check Password	You can access this project.
Check Password Remove User	You can access this project.

Project Browser Help	
nep	
appropriate password(s) below and click the "Open P	ou wish to view its contents, then please enter the Project" button. Otherwise, please click on the "Cancel Imediately.
Password #1	Password #2
Check Password	Check Password
	Cancel Open Project

is is the first time that you have used	u would like to view or edit from the list below. It d this project and wish to create a new encryptic 'Create New Encryption'' button below.
Current Project's Encryptions	Selected Encryption
Executive Summary Introduction	Status: Unlocked
	Please enter this Encryption's Password.
	Check Password
	Open Close Remove
Create New Encryption	Return to Sign-in Screen

'Public Object and Collection dimensioning

Public Users As New Collection **Public Projects As New Collection** Public Encryptions As New Collection Public SelectedUser As New CUser Public SelectedProject As New CProject Public SelectedEncryption As New CEncryption Private Sub Cancel_Click() PE1.Text = " PE2.Text = "" Shape1.BackColor = vbRed Shape2.BackColor = vbRed Frame2.Visible = False Frame1.Visible = True End Sub Private Sub EncryptionList_DblClick() Dim i As Integer MF8.Enabled = True If Encryptions.Count > 0 Then For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Searches encryptions for name match If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = EncryptionList.List(EncryptionList.ListIndex) Then SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = Encryptions.Item(i).CreationDate 'Selects matching Encryption SelectedEncryption.EDate = Encryptions.Item(i).EDate SelectedEncryption.Encryption = Encryptions.Item(i).Encryption SelectedEncryption.ENumber = Encryptions.Item(i).ENumber SelectedEncryption.EScript = Encryptions.Item(i).EScript SelectedEncryption.Name = Encryptions.Item(i).Name SelectedEncryption.Password = Encryptions.Item(i).Password SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectName SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectOwner SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = Encryptions.Item(i).BackupPassword SelectedEncryption.Status = Encryptions.Item(i).Status Label9.Caption = "Status: " & SelectedEncryption.Status 'Updates user interface If SelectedEncryption.Status = "Locked" Then Shape3.BackColor = vbRed MF9.Enabled = False

```
Else:
           Shape3.BackColor = vbGreen
           MF9.Enabled = True
           Call OpenEncryption_Click
         End If
         If SelectedEncryption.Password = "" Then 'If Encryption has no user-defined password, opens the Encryption
           MF8.Enabled = False
           SelectedEncryption.Status = "Unlocked"
           Encryptions.Item(i).Status = "Unlocked"
           Label9.Caption = "Status: Unlocked"
           Shape3.BackColor = vbGreen
           Call OpenEncryption_Click
         End If
         Exit For
       End If
    Next i
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub RemoveProject_Click()
  Dim i As Integer, e As Integer
  Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
  i = MsgBox("Are you sure that you want to delete this Project?", vbYesNo, "[-_-]")
  If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub
  i = MsgBox("FINAL WARNING! Are you absolutely sure that you want to delete this Project?", vbYesNo, "[-_-] FINAL WARNING!")
  If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub
  i = 1
  If Projects.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Projects.Count
       If Projects.Item(i).Name = ProjectList.List(ProjectList.ListIndex) Then 'Searches for Project name match
         Open (Insat & "Projects\projects") For Output As #1
           For e = 1 To Projects.Count
             If Projects.Item(e).Name <> ProjectList.List(ProjectList.ListIndex) Then Write #1, ProjectList.List(ProjectList.ListIndex)
           Next e
         Close #1 'Removes all data concerning the Project
         fso.DeleteFolder (Insat & "Projects\" & Projects.Item(i).Owner & "\" & ProjectList.List(ProjectList.ListIndex))
         Projects.Remove (i)
         ProjectList.Clear
         If Projects.Count > 0 Then
           e = 1
           For e = 1 To Projects.Count
              ProjectList.AddItem (Projects.Item(e).Name)
           Next e
         End If
         MsgBox "Project removed successfully.", , "[^_^]"
         Exit For
       End If
    Next i
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub RemoveUser_Click()
  Dim i As Integer, e As Integer
  Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
  i = MsgBox("Are you sure that you want to delete this User Profile?", vbYesNo, "[-_-]")
  If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub
  i = MsgBox("FINAL WARNING! Are you absolutely sure that you want to delete this User Profile?", vbYesNo, "[-_-] FINAL WARNING!")
  If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub
  i = 1
  If Users.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Users.Count 'Searches for User name match
       If Users.Item(i).Name = NameList.List(NameList.ListIndex) Then
         Open (Insat & "Users\Registered Users") For Output As #1 'Removes User-name from User registry file
           For e = 1 To Users.Count
             If Users.Item(e).Name <> NameList.List(NameList.ListIndex) Then Write #1, Users.Item(e).Name
           Next e
         Close #1
         If Projects.Count > 0 Then
           e = 0
           For e = 1 To Projects.Count
             If e > Projects.Count Then Exit For
```

```
If Projects.Item(e).Owner = NameList.List(NameList.ListIndex) Then 'Removes all of User's Projects
                Projects.Remove (e)
                e = e - 1
             End If
           Next e
           ProjectList.Clear
           If Projects.Count > 0 Then
             e = 1
             Open (Insat & "Projects\\Projects") For Output As #1
                For e = 1 To Projects.Count
                  Write #1, Projects.Item(e).Name
                  Write #1, Projects.Item(e).Owner
                Next e
             Close #1
             e = 1
             For e = 1 To Projects.Count
               ProjectList.AddItem (Projects.Item(e).Name)
             Next e
           End If
         End If
         e = 1
         For e = 1 To Users.Count
           If Users.Item(e).Name = NameList.List(NameList.ListIndex) Then 'Removes User from Users collection
             Users.Remove (e)
             Exit For
           End If
         Next e
         fso.DeleteFolder (Insat & "Users\" & NameList.List(NameList.ListIndex)) 'Deletes User's folders
         fso.DeleteFolder (Insat & "Projects\" & NameList.List(NameList.ListIndex))
         NameList.Clear
         If Users.Count > 0 Then
           e = 1
           For e = 1 To Users.Count 'Replenishes User listing on form
             NameList.AddItem (Users.Item(e).Name)
           Next e
         End If
         MsgBox "User profile removed successfully.", , "[^_^]"
         Exit Sub
      End If
    Next i
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub RTSIS_Click() 'Returns user to Sign-in screen
  Frame3.Visible = False
  Frame1.Visible = True
End Sub
Private Sub CEP_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  If EPE.Text = SelectedEncryption.Password Then 'Checks to see if password is correct
    Shape3.BackColor = vbGreen
    SelectedEncryption.Status = "Unlocked"
    If Encryptions.Count > 0 Then
      For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Unlocks Encryption
         If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = SelectedEncryption.Name Then
           Encryptions.Item(i).Status = "Unlocked"
         End If
      Next i
    End If
    MF9.Enabled = True
    Label9.Caption = "Status: Unlocked"
    Call RecordEncryptionChange
  Else:
    MsgBox "Sorry, that was the wrong Password. Please remember that Passwords are Case Sensitive.", , "[>_<] Access Error"
    If SelectedEncryption.Status = "Locked" Then Shape3.BackColor = vbRed
  End If
  EPE.Text = ""
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub CheckPassword_Click()
```

```
Dim i As Integer
  If Users.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Users.Count 'Searches for correct User
       If Users.Item(i).Name = NameList.List(NameList.ListIndex) Then
         Users.Item(i).EntryAttempts = Users.Item(i).EntryAttempts + 1
         If Users.Item(i).LockedDown = True Or Users.Item(i).EntryAttempts > 3 Then
           MsgBox "Sorry " & Users.Item(i).Name & ", but you have been locked out and are now unable to log in.", , "[>_<] Access Error"
           Exit Sub
         End If
         If PasswordEntry.Text = Users.Item(i).Password Then 'Checks to see if the password is correct
           MF3.Enabled = True
           RemoveUser.Enabled = True
           Users.Item(i).EntryAttempts = 0
           SelectedUser.Name = Users.Item(i).Name
           SelectedUser.Password = Users.Item(i).Password
           SelectedUser.EntryAttempts = 0
         Else:
           If Users.Item(i).EntryAttempts >= 3 Then
             Users.Item(i).LockedDown = True
              MsgBox "PLEASE NOTE! You have entered three wrong passwords and " & Users.Item(i).Name & " will now be locked out!",
, "[>_<] Access Error"
             PasswordEntry.Text = ""
           Else:
             MsgBox "Sorry, that's not the right password.", , "[>_<] Invalid Password"
           End If
         End If
         Exit For
      End If
    Next i
  End If
  PasswordEntry.Text = ""
End Sub
Private Sub CloseEncryption_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  If Encryptions.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Finds correct Encryption and Locks it
      If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = SelectedEncryption.Name Then Encryptions.Item(i).Status = "Locked"
    Next i
  End If
  If SelectedEncryption.Password = "" Then 'Updates User interface
    MF8.Enabled = False
    Label9.Caption = "Status: Unlocked"
    Shape3.BackColor = vbGreen
  Else:
    SelectedEncryption.Status = "Locked"
    Label9.Caption = "Status: Locked"
    Shape3.BackColor = vbRed
  End If
  MF9.Enabled = False
  Call RecordEncryptionChange
End Sub
Private Sub CloseProject_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  SelectedProject.Status = "Closed"
  If Projects.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Projects.Count 'Searches for correct project
      If Projects.Item(i).Name = SelectedProject.Name Then
         Projects.Item(i).Status = "Closed" 'closes project
         Exit For
      End If
    Next i
  End If
  Call RecordProjectChange
  Call ProjectLoader.Load_Project(SelectedProject)
End Sub
Private Sub CP1_Click() 'Checks password against Project's first password
  If PE1.Text = SelectedProject.Password1 Then
```

```
Shape1.BackColor = vbGreen
```

If MF5.Enabled = True Then PE2.SetFocus Else: Shape2.BackColor = vbGreen Call OpenProject_Click End If Fise MsgBox "The Password entered is invalid. Please remember that passwords are Case Sensitive.", , "[> <] Wrong Password" PE1.Text = PE1.SetFocus End If End Sub Private Sub CP2_Click() 'Checks password against Project's second password If PE2.Text = SelectedProject.Password2 Then Shape2.BackColor = vbGreen Else: MsgBox "The Password entered is invalid. Please remember that passwords are Case Sensitive.", . "[> <] Wrong Password" PE2.Text = " PE2.SetFocus End If End Sub Private Sub DeleteEncryption_Click() Dim i As Integer i = MsgBox("Are you sure that you want to delete this Encryption?", vbYesNo, "[-_-]") If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub i = MsgBox("FINAL WARNING! Are you absolutely sure that you want to delete this Encryption?", vbYesNo, "[-_-] FINAL WARNING!") If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub i = 0 Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryption Names") For Output As #1 'Removes Encryption For i = 0 To EncryptionList.ListCount - 1 If EncryptionList.List(i) <> SelectedEncryption.Name Then Write #1, EncryptionList.List(i) Next i Close #1 Kill (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryptions\" & SelectedEncryption.Name) 'Deletes Encryptions encrypted file Call ProjectLoader.Load Project(SelectedProject) SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = "" 'Clears out all of Selected Encryption's properties SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = "" SelectedEncryption.EDate = ' SelectedEncryption.EScript = "" SelectedEncryption.Encryption = "" SelectedEncryption.ENumber = 0 SelectedEncryption.Name = "" SelectedEncryption.Password = "" SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = "" SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = "" SelectedEncryption.Status = "" MsgBox "Encryption deleted successfully!", , "[^_^]" Shape3.BackColor = vbRed End Sub Private Sub EncryptionList_Click() Dim i As Integer MF8.Enabled = True If Encryptions.Count > 0 Then For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Searches for correct Encryption If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = EncryptionList.List(EncryptionList.ListIndex) Then SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = Encryptions.Item(i).CreationDate 'Loads correct Encryption's properties SelectedEncryption.EDate = Encryptions.Item(i).EDate SelectedEncryption.Encryption = Encryptions.Item(i).Encryption SelectedEncryption.ENumber = Encryptions.Item(i).ENumber SelectedEncryption.EScript = Encryptions.Item(i).EScript SelectedEncryption.Name = Encryptions.Item(i).Name SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectName SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectOwner SelectedEncryption.Password = Encryptions.Item(i).Password SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = Encryptions.Item(i).BackupPassword SelectedEncryption.Status = Encryptions.Item(i).Status

```
Label9.Caption = "Status: " & SelectedEncryption.Status
         If SelectedEncryption.Status = "Locked" Then 'Updates User interface
           Shape3.BackColor = vbRed
           MF9.Enabled = False
         Else:
           Shape3.BackColor = vbGreen
           MF9.Enabled = True
         End If
         If SelectedEncryption.Password = "" Then
           MF8.Enabled = False
           MF9.Enabled = True
           SelectedEncryption.Status = "Unlocked"
           Encryptions.Item(i).Status = "Unlocked"
           Label9.Caption = "Status: Unlocked"
           Shape3.BackColor = vbGreen
         End If
        Exit For
      End If
    Next i
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub EPE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call CEP_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub Form_Load()
  Call ProjectLoader.LoadUsers
  Call ProjectLoader.LoadProjects
End Sub
Private Sub Maintain Click()
  If SelectedProject.Status = "Open" Then
    MsgBox "The project must be closed in order for you to maintain it!", , "[>_<] Invalid Project Status"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  ProjectMaintenance.Show 'Loads Project into ProjectMaintenance
  ProjectMaintenance.PNE.Text = SelectedProject.Name
  ProjectMaintenance.PPWE1.Text = SelectedProject.Password1
  ProjectMaintenance.PPWE2.Text = SelectedProject.Password2
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.CreationDate = SelectedProject.CreationDate
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.EDate = SelectedProject.EDate
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.Encryption = SelectedProject.Encryption
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.ENumber = SelectedProject.ENumber
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.EType = SelectedProject.EType
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.Name = SelectedProject.Name
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.Owner = SelectedProject.Owner
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.Password1 = SelectedProject.Password1
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.Password2 = SelectedProject.Password2
  ProjectMaintenance.SelectedProject.Status = SelectedProject.Status
  Select Case SelectedProject.EType
    Case "Private"
      ProjectMaintenance.Option1.Value = True
    Case "Limited"
      ProjectMaintenance.Option2.Value = True
    Case "Public"
      ProjectMaintenance.Option3.Value = True
  End Select
  Call ProjectMaintenance.LoadEncryptions
End Sub
Private Sub MakeEncryption Click()
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.CreationDate = "" 'Clears all of Encrypter's Encryption properties
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.EDate = "
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.Encryption = ""
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.ENumber = 0
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.EScript = "
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.Name = ""
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.Password = ""
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.BackupPassword = ""
  Encrypter.CurrentEncryption.Status = ""
```

Encrypter.CurrentProject.CreationDate = SelectedProject.CreationDate 'Loads Project data to Encrypter Encrypter.CurrentProject.EDate = SelectedProject.EDate Encrypter.CurrentProject.EType = SelectedProject.EType Encrypter.CurrentProject.Name = SelectedProject.Name Encrypter.CurrentProject.Owner = SelectedProject.Owner Encrypter.CurrentProject.Password1 = SelectedProject.Password1 Encrypter.CurrentProject.Password2 = SelectedProject.Password2 Encrypter.CurrentProject.Status = SelectedProject.Status Encrypter.Show Encrypter.Text1.SetFocus End Sub Private Sub MExit_Click() End End Sub Private Sub MHelp_Click() HelpForm.Show End Sub Private Sub MMainScreen_Click() Call Reset End Sub Private Sub MReturnToMenu_Click() Call Reset ProjectBrowser.Hide MainMenu.Show End Sub Private Sub NameList_Click() Dim i As Integer If SelectedUser.Name <> "" Then i = MsgBox(SelectedUser.Name & ", do you wish to log out?", vbYesNo, "[>_<]") If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub SelectedUser.Name = "" 'Resets controls to log new User in SelectedUser.Password = " MF2.Enabled = False MF3.Enabled = False RemoveUser.Enabled = False Label4.Caption = "Project's current status:" Label11.Caption = "" Shape4.BackColor = &H8000000F Shape5.BackColor = &H8000000F PasswordEntry.SetFocus End Sub Private Sub OP_Click() Dim i As Integer If Projects.Count > 0 Then For i = 1 To Projects.Count 'Searches for correct project If Projects.Item(i).Name = ProjectList.List(ProjectList.ListIndex) Then SelectedProject.CreationDate = Projects.Item(i).CreationDate SelectedProject.EDate = Projects.Item(i).EDate SelectedProject.Encryption = Projects.Item(i).Encryption SelectedProject.EType = Projects.Item(i).EType SelectedProject.Name = Projects.Item(i).Name SelectedProject.Owner = Projects.Item(i).Owner SelectedProject.Password1 = Projects.Item(i).Password1 SelectedProject.Password2 = Projects.Item(i).Password2 SelectedProject.Status = Projects.Item(i).Status Exit For End If Next i End If If SelectedProject.Status = "Open" Then 'Updates User interface Shape1.BackColor = vbGreen Shape2.BackColor = vbGreen If SelectedProject.Password1 <> "" Then MF4.Enabled = True If SelectedProject.Password2 <> "" Then MF5.Enabled = True Call OpenProject_Click Else:

```
Frame1.Visible = False
    If SelectedProject.Password1 <> "" Or SelectedProject.Password2 <> "" Then
      Frame2.Visible = True
      If SelectedProject.Password1 <> "" Then MF4.Enabled = True
      If SelectedProject.Password2 <> "" Then MF5.Enabled = True
       PE1.SetFocus
    Fise
       Call ProjectLoader.Load_Project(SelectedProject)
       Call ProjectLoader.Load_Encryptions(SelectedProject)
      Call RecordProjectChange
      Frame3.Visible = True
    End If
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub OpenEncryption Click()
  If SelectedEncryption.Status = "Unlocked" Then
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword 'Loads Encryption into Decrypter
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = SelectedEncryption.CreationDate
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.EDate = SelectedEncryption.EDate
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.Encryption = SelectedEncryption.Encryption
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.ENumber = SelectedEncryption.ENumber
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.EScript = SelectedEncryption.EScript
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.Name = SelectedEncryption.Name
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.Password = SelectedEncryption.Password
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = SelectedEncryption.ProjectName
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner
    Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.Status = SelectedEncryption.Status
    Decrypter.Show
    Call SelectedEncryption.DecryptScript 'Decrypts Encryption
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub OpenProject_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  If MF4.Enabled = True And MF5.Enabled = True Then 'Chooses what to do by how many passwords the Project uses
    If Shape1.BackColor = vbGreen And Shape2.BackColor = vbGreen Then 'Checks to see if both passwords have been entered
      Frame1.Visible = False
      Frame2.Visible = False
      Frame3.Visible = True
       SelectedProject.Status = "Open"
      If Projects.Count > 0 Then
         For i = 1 To Projects.Count 'Searches for correct Project
           If Projects.Item(i).Name = SelectedProject.Name Then
             Projects.Item(i).Status = "Open"
             Exit For
           End If
         Next i
       End If
      Label4.Caption = "Project's Current Status: Open"
       Call ProjectLoader.Load_Project(SelectedProject)
       Call ProjectLoader.Load_Encryptions(SelectedProject)
      Call RecordProjectChange
       PE1.Text = "" 'Resets controls
      PE2.Text = ""
      Shape1.BackColor = vbRed
      Shape2.BackColor = vbRed
    Else:
      MsgBox "A password is not correct. Please remember that passwords are Case Sensitive.", , "[>_<] Wrong Password(s)"
      PE1.Text = "" 'Resets control
      PE2.Text = ""
      PE1.SetFocus
    End If
  Elself MF4.Enabled = True Then
    If Shape1.BackColor = vbGreen Then 'Checks to see if the password has been entered
      Frame1.Visible = False
      Frame2.Visible = False
      Frame3.Visible = True
       SelectedProject.Status = "Open"
      If Projects.Count > 0 Then
         For i = 1 To Projects.Count 'Searches for correct project
```

```
If Projects.Item(i).Name = SelectedProject.Name Then
             Projects.Item(i).Status = "Open"
             Exit For
           End If
         Next i
       End If
      Label4.Caption = "Project's Current Status: Open"
       Call ProjectLoader.Load_Project(SelectedProject)
       Call ProjectLoader.Load_Encryptions(SelectedProject)
      Call RecordProjectChange
      PE1.Text = "" 'Resets control
      Shape1.BackColor = vbRed
    Else:
      MsgBox "A password is not correct. Please remember that passwords are Case Sensitive.", , "[>_<] Wrong Password(s)"
      PE1.Text =
      PE1.SetFocus
    End If
  Else:
    Frame1.Visible = False
    Frame2.Visible = False
    Frame3.Visible = True
    Call ProjectLoader.Load_Project(SelectedProject)
    Call ProjectLoader.Load_Encryptions(SelectedProject)
    Call RecordProjectChange
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub PasswordEntry_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call CheckPassword_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub PE1 KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
    If MF5.Enabled = True Then
      PE2.SetFocus
      Exit Sub
    End If
    Call CP1_Click
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub PE2_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call CP2_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub ProjectList_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  If Projects.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Projects.Count 'Searches for correct Project
       If Projects.Item(i).Name = ProjectList.List(ProjectList.ListIndex) Then
         SelectedProject.CreationDate = Projects.Item(i).CreationDate 'Loads Project
         SelectedProject.EDate = Projects.Item(i).EDate
         SelectedProject.ENumber = Projects.Item(i).ENumber
         SelectedProject.EType = Projects.Item(i).EType
         SelectedProject.Name = Projects.Item(i).Name
         SelectedProject.Owner = Projects.Item(i).Owner
         SelectedProject.Password1 = Projects.Item(i).Password1
         SelectedProject.Password2 = Projects.Item(i).Password2
         SelectedProject.Status = Projects.Item(i).Status
         Label4.Caption = "Project's current status: " & SelectedProject.Status
         If SelectedProject.Status = "Open" Then 'Updates User interface
           Shape5.BackColor = vbGreen
         Else:
           Shape5.BackColor = vbRed
         End If
         Maintain.Enabled = False
         Call UserCheck
         Exit For
      End If
    Next i
  End If
```

End Sub

```
Private Sub UserCheck() 'Checks to see if the User can access the Project
  Dim i As Integer
  Dim Good As Boolean
  Dim Temp As String
  If Users.Count > 0 Then
    Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Users") For Input As #1
      Input #1, Temp 'Extracts Projec's mode
       Select Case Temp
         Case "Private"
           If SelectedUser.Name = SelectedProject.Owner Then 'Updates User interface
             MF2.Enabled = True
             Maintain.Enabled = True
             RemoveProject.Enabled = True
             Label11.Caption = "You can access this project."
             Shape4.BackColor = vbGreen
           Else:
             MF2.Enabled = False
             Label11.Caption = "You can't access this project."
             Shape4.BackColor = vbRed
           End If
         Case "Limited"
           Do While Not EOF(1) 'Checks to see if current user can access the Project
             Input #1, Temp
             If Temp = SelectedUser.Name Then
                Good = True
                Exit Do
             End If
           Loop
           If Good = True Or SelectedUser.Name = SelectedProject.Owner Then
             MF2.Enabled = True 'User is allowed access to the project
             Label11.Caption = "You can access this project."
             Shape4.BackColor = vbGreen
             If SelectedUser.Name = SelectedProject.Owner Then
                Maintain.Enabled = True
                RemoveProject.Enabled = True
             End If
           Else:
             MF2.Enabled = False
             Label11.Caption = "You can't access this project."
             Shape4.BackColor = vbRed
           End If
         Case "Public"
           MF2.Enabled = True 'User is allowed access to the project
           Label11.Caption = "You can access this project."
           Shape4.BackColor = vbGreen
           If SelectedUser.Name = SelectedProject.Owner Then
             Maintain.Enabled = True
             RemoveProject.Enabled = True
           End If
      End Select
    Close #1
  End If
End Sub
Public Sub RecordProjectChange()
  Dim i As Integer
  Call SelectedProject.Encrypt
  If Projects.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Projects.Count 'Searches for correct Project
      If Projects.Item(i).Name = SelectedProject.Name Then
         Projects.Item(i).EDate = SelectedProject.EDate 'Synchronizes Projects
         Projects.Item(i).ENumber = SelectedProject.ENumber
         Exit For
      End If
    Next i
  End If
  Label4.Caption = "Project's current status: " & SelectedProject.Status 'Updates User interface
  If SelectedProject.Status = "Open" Then
    Shape5.BackColor = vbGreen
```

Else: Shape5.BackColor = vbRed End If End Sub Public Sub RecordEncryptionChange() Dim i As Integer Dim Temp As String * 4 . Randomize SelectedEncryption.EDate = Format(Now, "mm/dd/yy") & " " & Format(Now, "hh:mm:ss AM/PM") SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = SelectedProject.Name 'Synchronizes Encryptions SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = SelectedProject.Owner If Encryptions.Count > 0 Then For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Searches for correct Encryption If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = SelectedEncryption.Name Then Encryptions.Item(i).EDate = SelectedEncryption.EDate 'Synchronizes Encryptions Exit For End If Next i End If Call SelectedEncryption.EncryptData Call SelectedEncryption.SmallRecorder End Sub Private Sub Reset() 'Resets form's controls for next use ProjectList.Clear NameList.Clear PasswordEntry.Text = "" MF2.Enabled = False MF3.Enabled = False Label4.Caption = "Project's current status:" EncryptionList.Clear EPE.Text = "" Shape3.BackColor = vbRed Label9.Caption = "Status:" PE1.Text = "" PE2.Text = "" Shape1.BackColor = vbRed Shape2.BackColor = vbRed Frame3.Visible = False Frame2.Visible = False Frame1.Visible = True Call ProjectLoader.LoadUsers Call ProjectLoader.LoadProjects End Sub

Appendix J: Encrypter Pictures and Code

Encryption Creator
Please type the text that you want encrypted into the box below. When you have done this, click on the "Next" button to continue.
Executive Summary
Cryptography is an indispensable tool used around the world to protect people's important information. It is for this reason that countries world-wide spend billions of dollars every year researching new encryption methods. This project attempts to display the security power of a new Multi-Dimensional encryption routine in action through its ability to encrypt simple text messages into a completely unreadable format. In order for the program to be useful under any circumstances, the user must be able to easily understand the interface. Also, the program required many specific built-in functions in order to operate properly. Because these reasons, I chose Visual Basis Go. as my programming language. Visual Basis Go's spectacular user interfaces and natural syntax made the aesthetics simple, and left me more time to concentrate on creating the code for the complex encryption algorithms. The method that the program uses to encrypt the data is based around three main points: the use of the "Keyword" version of the Caesar-Shift encryption method, is one based off othe original Caesar Shift. The use of the "Keyword" version is the basis behind most of the large-scale encryption routines used to the fact that there are an almost infinite number of possible passwords. I chose to use the "Keyword" version because of this. The method used to convert the encrypted text into a string of numbers is one of the project's most important routines. By converting the text into numbers, the program is able to manipulate the data in ways that would be impossible if it were using the ASCII table. I chose to use this method because of its versatility and because it could be used under any circumstances. The Multi-Dimensional encryption routine is one that utilizes a multi-dimensional array consisting of six dimensions. The data
Cancel Next

opriate name, and if you wish, a Password for the new Encryption into the w. When you have done this, please click on the "Create Encryption" button below the boxes.
Please enter a name for your Encryption here:
Please enter a Password here:
Please confirm your Password here:
Cancel Back Create Encryption

Encryption Creator	
	[^_^] Encryption Complete Your Encryption was created successfully! CK Please Wait
Complete!	100%

'Public Collection dimensioning

```
Public CurrentProject As New CProject
Public CurrentEncryption As New CEncryption
Private Sub Back_Click()
  Frame2.Visible = False
  Frame1.Visible = True
End Sub
Private Sub Cancel_Click(Index As Integer) 'Hides form
  Call Reset
  Encrypter.Hide
End Sub
Private Sub Reset() 'Resets form's controls for next use
  Frame3.Visible = False
  Frame2.Visible = False
  Frame1.Visible = True
  Percent.Caption = ""
  Progress.Caption = ""
  ENE.Text = "
  PWE.Text = ""
  CPWE.Text = ""
  Text1.Text = ""
  PB1.Value = 0
End Sub
Private Sub CPWE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call Encrypt_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub ENE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
 If KeyAscii = 13 Then PWE.SetFocus 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub Next1_Click()
  If Text1.Text = "" Then 'Makes sure that the FER has something to encrypt
    MsgBox "Please enter something to encrypt.", , "[>_<]"
    Text1.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  Frame1.Visible = False
```

```
Frame2.Visible = True
  ENE.SetFocus
End Sub
Private Sub Encrypt_Click()
  Dim Temp As String
  ENE.Text = Trim(ENE.Text) 'Removes leading and treiling spaces from ENE.Text
  If ENE.Text = "" Then 'Makes sure the user has entered a proper name for the Encryption
    MsgBox "Please enter a name for your Encryption.", , "[>_<] Missing Name"
    ENE.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & CurrentProject.Owner & "\" & CurrentProject.Name & "\Encryption Names") For Input As #1
    Do While Not EOF(1) 'Makes sure that the new name has not been taken
      Input #1, Temp
      If ENE.Text = Temp Then
         MsgBox "That Name has been taken! Please choose another one!", , "[>_<] Name Taken"
         Close #1
         ENE.Text = ""
        ENE.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
      End If
    Loop
  Close #1
  If PWE.Text <> "" Or CPWE.Text <> "" Then 'Makes sure that the User confirmed the password correctly
    PWE.Text = Trim(PWE.Text)
    CPWE.Text = Trim(CPWE.Text)
    If PWE.Text = "" And CPWE.Text <> "" Then PWE.Text = CPWE.Text
    If PWE.Text <> CPWE.Text Then
      MsgBox "Invalid Password", , "[>_<]"
      PWE.Text = ""
      CPWE.Text = ""
      PWE.SetFocus
      Exit Sub
    End If
  End If
  Frame2.Visible = False
  Frame3.Visible = True
  CurrentEncryption.CreationDate = Format(Now, "mm/dd/yy") & " " & Format(Now, "hh:mm:ss AM/PM") 'Loads New Encryption's
properties
  CurrentEncryption.Name = ENE.Text
  CurrentEncryption.ProjectName = CurrentProject.Name
  CurrentEncryption.ProjectOwner = CurrentProject.Owner
  CurrentEncryption.Password = PWE.Text
  CurrentEncryption.Status = "Locked"
  CurrentEncryption.EScript = Text1.Text
  Call CurrentEncryption.EncryptScript
  MsgBox "Your Encryption was created successfully!", , "[^_^] Encryption Complete"
  Call Reset
  Encrypter.Hide
  Call ProjectLoader.Load_Project(ProjectBrowser.SelectedProject)
  Call ProjectLoader.Load_Encryptions(ProjectBrowser.SelectedProject)
End Sub
Private Sub PWE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then CPWE.SetFocus 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
```

Appendix K: Decrypter Pictures and Code

Executive Summary				^
reason that countries world attempts to display the sec simple text messages into In order for the program to the program required many Basic 6.0 as my programm aesthetics simple, and left. The method that the progra the Cassar-Shift encryption The "Keyword" version of th "Keyword" version is the ba almost infinite number of p The method used to conver converting the text into nun the ASCII table. I chose to i The Multi-Dimensional enc is added to and then remov	wide spend billions of urity power of a new Mi a completely unreadable be useful under any cir specific built in functio ing language. Visual Be me more time to conce m uses to encrypt the method, the conversio ne Caesar-Shift encrypt isis behind most of the sissible passwords. I of t the encrypted text intr ise this method becaus upption routine is one the ed from the array in un t because of the fact the	dollars every year resea dult-Dimensional encryptie format. sumstances, the user mu- ns in order to operate pr sic 6.0's spectacular us ntrate on creating the co- lata is based around thrm n of the data into numbe ion method is one based large-scale encryption ro soe to use the "Keyword a string of numbers is so le to manipulate the dat e of its versatility and be at utilizes a multi-dimen related orders. I chose to at it brings many powerf	protect people's important info rching new encryption methods on routine in action through its ist be able to easily understan operly. Because these reasons er interfaces and natural synta de for the complex encryption te main points: the use of the ' 's, and the Multi-Dimensional u off of the original Caesar Shif butines used today due to the f 'version because of this. one of the project's most impon a in ways that would be imposs iccause it could be used under : sional array consisting of six d use the Multi-Dimensional en ul aspects into the overall algo ability to make many message	s. This project ability to encrypt d the interface. Also, s, I chose Visual x made the algorithms. "Keyword" version of encryption routine. t. The use of the act that there are an rtant routines. By sible if it were using any circumstances. imensions. The data cryption routine as rithm. These
Complete!	100%			
			Save Changes	

Public SelectedEncryption As New CEncryption

```
Private Sub Done_Click()
TextDisplay.Text = ""
Decrypter.Hide
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub Save_Click() 'Saves User's changes to the Encryption
SelectedEncryption.EScript = TextDisplay.Text
Call SelectedEncryption.EncryptScript
Encrypter.Hide
Call ProjectLoader.Load_Project(ProjectBrowser.SelectedProject)
Call ProjectLoader.Load_Encryptions(ProjectBrowser.SelectedProject)
MsgBox "Changes Saved Successfully!", , "[^_] Save Successful"
End Sub
```

Private Sub Form_Resize() 'Adjusts controls' placement and size properties accordingly On Error Resume Next Read.Height = Decrypter.ScaleHeight - 120 Read.Width = Decrypter.ScaleWidth - 240 TextDisplay.Height = Read.Height - 1800 TextDisplay.Width = Read.Width - 480 Progress.Top = TextDisplay.Height + 600 Percent.Top = TextDisplay.Height + 600 PB1.Top = TextDisplay.Height + 1080 PB1.Width = Read.Width - (Done.Width + Save.Width + 1200) Done.Top = TextDisplay.Height + 1080 Done.Left = Read.Width - (Done.Width + 240) Save.Top = TextDisplay.Height + 1080 Save.Left = Done.Left - (Save.Width + 240) End Sub

Appendix L: ProjectMaintenance Pictures and Code

Project Maintenance				
Project Attributes				
Current Name: WWH1	Current Name: WWH1			
Current Passwords				
Password 1	Password 2			
kgmyka				
Current Project Type				
	imited C Public			
Save Changes				
Encryption Attributes				
Encryptions	Current Name			
Executive Summary				
Introduction	Current Password:			
Remove	View			
Sava	Changes			
	onungoo			

🛢 Project Ma	intenance			<			
Project	Allowable People						
Please enter the allowable people's names below.		Bob Jane Kelvin					
	Enter Name						
Save Changes							
Encryption Attributes							
	Encryptions		Current Name				
Executive Summary Introduction			Current Password:				
Remove			View				
Save Changes							
Save Changes							

```
Public SelectedProject As New CProject
Public SelectedEncryption As New CEncryption
Public Encryptions As New Collection
Public Sub LoadEncryptions()
  Dim i As Integer
  Dim Temp As String
  Do While Encryptions.Count > 0 'Empties Encryptions Collection
    Encryptions.Remove (1)
  Loop
  EncryptionList.Clear
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryption Names") For Input As #1
    Do While Not EOF(1) 'Adds all of the Project's Encryptions to a list
       Input #1, Temp
       EncryptionList.AddItem (Temp)
    Loop
  Close #1
  If EncryptionList.ListCount > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To EncryptionList.ListCount 'Loads all of the Project's Encryptions
       Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryptions\" & EncryptionList.List(i - 1))
For Input As #1
         Call EC
      Close #1
    Next i
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub EC()
  Dim NewEncryption As New CEncryption
  Dim Temp As String
  Input #1, Temp 'Extracts ciphertext from file
  NewEncryption.Encryption = Temp 'Sets automatic properties
  NewEncryption.ProjectOwner = SelectedProject.Owner
  NewEncryption.ProjectName = SelectedProject.Name
  Call NewEncryption.DecryptData
  Encryptions.Add NewEncryption
End Sub
Private Sub APNE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call NameEntry Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub EncryptionList_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  If Encryptions.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Searches for correct Encryption
      If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = EncryptionList.List(EncryptionList.ListIndex) Then
         SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = Encryptions.Item(i).BackupPassword 'Loads Encryption
         SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = Encryptions.Item(i).CreationDate
         SelectedEncryption.EDate = Encryptions.Item(i).EDate
         SelectedEncryption.Encryption = Encryptions.Item(i).Encryption
         SelectedEncryption.ENumber = Encryptions.Item(i).ENumber
         SelectedEncryption.Name = Encryptions.Item(i).Name
         SelectedEncryption.EScript = Encryptions.Item(i).EScript
         SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectName
         SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectOwner
         SelectedEncryption.Password = Encryptions.Item(i).Password
         SelectedEncryption.Status = Encryptions.Item(i).Status
         ENE.Text = Encryptions.Item(i).Name
         EPWE.Text = Encryptions.Item(i).Password
         Exit For
      End If
    Next i
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub EncryptionList_DblClick()
  Dim i As Integer
  If Encryptions.Count > 0 Then
    For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count
```

```
If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = EncryptionList.List(EncryptionList.ListIndex) Then
         SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = Encryptions.Item(i).BackupPassword 'Loads Encryption
         SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = Encryptions.Item(i).CreationDate
         SelectedEncryption.EDate = Encryptions.Item(i).EDate
         SelectedEncryption.Encryption = Encryptions.Item(i).Encryption
         SelectedEncryption.ENumber = Encryptions.Item(i).ENumber
         SelectedEncryption.Name = Encryptions.Item(i).Name
         SelectedEncryption.EScript = Encryptions.Item(i).EScript
         SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectName
SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectOwner
         SelectedEncryption.Password = Encryptions.Item(i).Password
         SelectedEncryption.Status = Encryptions.Item(i).Status
         ENE.Text = Encryptions.Item(i).Name
         EPWE.Text = Encryptions.Item(i).Password
         Call ViewEncryption_Click 'Opens Encryption in Encryption viewer
         Exit For
       End If
    Next i
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub ENE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call SaveEncryption_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub EPWE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call SaveEncryption_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub NameEntry_Click()
  If APNE.Text = "" Then Exit Sub 'Adds "Allowable" User's name to a list
  APNL.AddItem (APNE.Text)
  APNE.Text = "
  APNE.SetFocus
End Sub
Private Sub PNE_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call SaveProject1_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub PPWE1 KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call SaveProject1_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub PPWE2_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call SaveProject1_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
Private Sub RemoveEncryption_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  i = MsgBox("Are you sure that you want to delete this encryption?", vbYesNo, "[-_-]")
  If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub
  i = MsgBox("FINAL WARNING! Are you absolutely sure that you want to delete this Encryption?", vbYesNo, "[-_-] FINAL WARNING!")
  If i = vbNo Then Exit Sub
  i = 0
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryption Names") For Output As #1 'Removes
Encryption's name from Registry file
    For i = 0 To EncryptionList.ListCount - 1
      If EncryptionList.List(i) <> SelectedEncryption.Name Then Write #1, EncryptionList.List(i)
    Next i
  Close #1
  EncryptionList.Clear
  Kill (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryptions\" & SelectedEncryption.Name)
'Deletes Encryption's encrypted file
  If Encryptions.Count > 0 Then
    i = 1
    For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Searches for correct Encryption
       If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = SelectedEncryption.Name Then
         Encryptions.Remove i 'Removes Encryption from Encryptions Collection
         Exit For
       End If
```

Next i i = 1 For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Replenishes Encryption List on form EncryptionList.AddItem (Encryptions.Item(i).Name) Next i End If SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = "" 'Clears Encryptions data SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = "" SelectedEncryption.EDate = ' SelectedEncryption.Encryption = " SelectedEncryption.ENumber = 0 SelectedEncryption.Name = " SelectedEncryption.EScript = "" SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = "" SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = "" SelectedEncryption.Password = "" SelectedEncryption.Status = "" ENE.Text = " EPWE.Text = "" MsgBox "Encryption deleted successfully!", , "[^_^]" End Sub Private Sub RemoveName_Click() Dim i As Integer, e As Integer For i = 0 To APNL.ListCount - 1 If APNL.List(i) = APNE.Text Then APNL.RemoveItem (i) Next End Sub Private Sub SaveEncryption_Click() 'Saves changes that the User made to the Encryption Dim i As Integer, e As Integer Dim Temp As String If SelectedEncryption.Name <> "" Then For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Searches for correct Encryption If Encryptions.Item(i).Name = SelectedEncryption.Name Then Kill (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryptions\" & SelectedEncryption.Name) 'Deletes Encryption's encrypted folder SelectedEncryption.Name = ENE.Text 'Loads Encryption's new name and password SelectedEncryption.Password = EPWE.Text ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword 'Loads all of Encryption's data to Encrypter ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = SelectedEncryption.CreationDate ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.Encryption = SelectedEncryption.Encryption ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.EDate = SelectedEncryption.EDate ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.Name = SelectedEncryption.Name ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.EScript = SelectedEncryption.EScript ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = SelectedEncryption.ProjectName ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.ENumber = SelectedEncryption.ENumber ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.Password = SelectedEncryption.Password ProjectBrowser.SelectedEncryption.Status = SelectedEncryption.Status Encryptions.Item(i).BackupPassword = SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword 'Loads all of Encryption's data into Encryptions collection Encryptions.Item(i).CreationDate = SelectedEncryption.CreationDate Encryptions.Item(i).Encryption = SelectedEncryption.Encryption Encryptions.Item(i).EDate = SelectedEncryption.EDate Encryptions.Item(i).Name = SelectedEncryption.Name Encryptions.Item(i).EScript = SelectedEncryption.EScript Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectName = SelectedEncryption.ProjectName Encryptions.Item(i).ProjectOwner = SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner Encryptions.Item(i).ENumber = SelectedEncryption.ENumber Encryptions.Item(i).Password = SelectedEncryption.Password Encryptions.Item(i).Status = SelectedEncryption.Status Call ProjectBrowser.RecordEncryptionChange 'Saves change to Encryption Exit For End If Next i EncryptionList.Clear i = 1 Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Encryption Names") For Append As #1 For i = 1 To Encryptions.Count 'Re-Writes Project's Encryption registry file

```
EncryptionList.AddItem (Encryptions.Item(i).Name) 'Refreshes list of Encryptions on form
         Write #1. Encryptions.Item(i).Name
      Next i
    Close #1
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub SaveProject2_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.CreationDate = SelectedProject.CreationDate 'Loads all of the Project's data to NewProjectCreation
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.EDate = SelectedProject.EDate
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.Encryption = SelectedProject.Encryption
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.ENumber = SelectedProject.ENumber
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.EType = SelectedProject.EType
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.Name = SelectedProject.Name
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.Owner = SelectedProject.Owner
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.Password1 = SelectedProject.Password1
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.Password2 = SelectedProject.Password2
  NewProjectCreation.NewProject.Status = SelectedProject.Status
  Call SelectedProject.Encrypt
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Users") For Output As #1
    Write #1, SelectedProject.EType 'Writes Project's current mode to file
    For i = 0 To APNL.ListCount - 1 'Writes all "Allowable" Users' names to file
      Write #1, APNL.List(i)
    Next i
  Close #1
  MF2.Visible = False
  MF1.Visible = True
End Sub
Private Sub SaveProject1_Click()
  Dim i As Integer
  SelectedProject.Name = PNE.Text 'Loads Project's new properties
  SelectedProject.Password1 = PPWE1.Text
  SelectedProject.Password2 = PPWE2.Text
  If Option1.Value = True Then
    SelectedProject.EType = "Private"
  Elself Option2.Value = True Then
    SelectedProject.EType = "Limited"
    MF1.Visible = False
    MF2.Visible = True
    APNE.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  Else:
    SelectedProject.EType = "Public"
  End If
  Open (Insat & "Projects\" & SelectedProject.Owner & "\" & SelectedProject.Name & "\Users") For Output As #1
    Write #1, SelectedProject.EType
    If SelectedProject.EType = "Limited" Then
       For i = 0 To APNL.ListCount - 1 'Writes Project's current mode to file
         Write #1, APNL.List(i) 'Writes all "Allowable" Users' names to file
       Next i
    End If
  Close #1
  i = 1
  Call SelectedProject.Encrypt
  For i = 1 To ProjectBrowser.Projects.Count 'Searches for correct Project in Projects collection
    If ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).Name = SelectedProject.Name Then
       ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).CreationDate = SelectedProject.CreationDate 'Loads Projects data to ProjectBrowser
       ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).EDate = SelectedProject.EDate
       ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).Encryption = SelectedProject.Encryption
       ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).ENumber = SelectedProject.ENumber
       ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).EType = SelectedProject.EType
       ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).Owner = SelectedProject.Owner
       ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).Password1 = SelectedProject.Password1
       ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).Password2 = SelectedProject.Password2
      ProjectBrowser.Projects.Item(i).Status = SelectedProject.Status
       Exit For
    End If
  Next i
End Sub
```

Private Sub ViewEncryption_Click()

Decrypter.Show

Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.CreationDate = SelectedEncryption.CreationDate 'Loads all Encryption's data to Decrypter

Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.EDate = SelectedEncryption.EDate Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.Encryption = SelectedEncryption.Encryption

Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.ENumber = SelectedEncryption.ENumber Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.Name = SelectedEncryption.Name

Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.EScript = SelectedEncryption.Escript Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.ProjectName = SelectedEncryption.ProjectName Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner = SelectedEncryption.ProjectOwner

Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.Password = SelectedEncryption.Password

Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword = SelectedEncryption.BackupPassword

Decrypter.SelectedEncryption.Status = SelectedEncryption.Status Call SelectedEncryption.DecryptScript 'Decrypts Encryption

End Sub

Appendix M: NewUserRegistry Pictures and Code

New User Registry			
Welcome to the New User Registry! Here you and use projects in Saati Encryption Center. all you need to do is enter a user-name and a and you're	The process is simple a password in the app	and straight-forward	:
Please enter your new user-name here:			
Enter your new Password here:		e at least 6 characters	
Confirm your Password here:	in	vour password!	
	Cancel	Register	
ivate Sub Register_Click() On Error Resume Next 'Error handler Dim User1 As New CUser Dim Temp As String Dim Good As Boolean If Text1.Text = "" Then MsgBox "Please enter another user-name.", Text1.SetFocus Exit Sub End If If Len(Text2.Text) < 6 Then MsgBox "Please make your Password longe Text2.Text = "" Text2.SetFocus Exit Sub End If If Text2.Text = "" Or Text3.Text = "" Or Text2.Text Text2.Text = "" Text2.Text = "" Text2.Text = "" Text2.Text = "" Text2.Text = "" Text2.Text = "" Text2.Text = "" Text2.SetFocus Exit Sub End If MsgBox "Please re-enter your password.", , ' Text2.SetFocus Exit Sub End If Open (Insat & "\Users\Registered Users") For	er!", , "[>_<] Invalid Pa ext <> Text3.Text Ther	ssword" 1	

```
Close #1
       Exit Sub
    End If
  Close #1
  Open (Insat & "Users\Registered Users") For Append As #1
    Write #1, Text1.Text
  Close #1
  Set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
  fso.CreateFolder (Insat & "Users\" & Text1.Text)
fso.CreateFolder (Insat & "Projects\" & Text1.Text)
  Temp = Text2.Text
  User1.Name = Text1.Text
  User1.Password = Text2.Text
  Call User1.Encrypt
  Text1.Text = ""
  Text2.Text = ""
  Text3.Text = ""
  MainMenu.CreateNewProject.Enabled = True
  MainMenu.BrowseCurrentProjects.Enabled = True
  NewUserRegistry.Hide
  Open (Insat & "Projects\Projects") For Input As #1
    If EOF(1) = True Then MainMenu.BrowseCurrentProjects.Enabled = False
  Close #1
End Sub
Private Sub Text1_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii = 13 Then Text2.SetFocus 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed
End Sub
```

Private Sub Text2_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer) If KeyAscii = 13 Then Text3.SetFocus 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed End Sub

Private Sub Text3_KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer) If KeyAscii = 13 Then Call Register_Click 'Enables "Tab" function when enter is pressed End Sub

Appendix N: Pictures of Forms without Code



Figure 1: The About Screen

🕷 Help	
Other	
Help by Screen	SAATI ENCRYPTION CENTER
	Help by Topic Projects Encryptions
More Information	Trouble Shooting

Figure2: The Help Screen

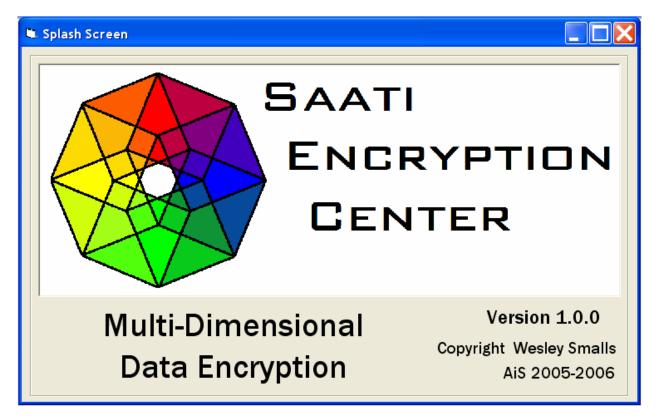


Figure 3: The Splash Screen

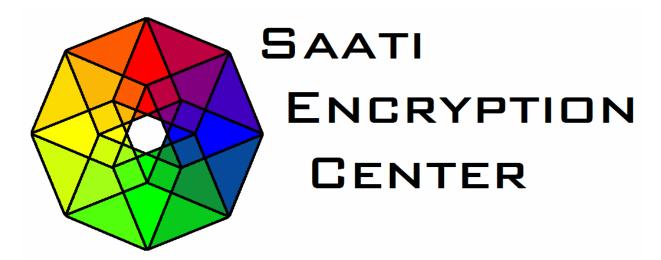


Figure 4: The project symbol, developed by me, appears on several forms. The shape is actually a 4-dimensional hypercube.